ESTABLISHED 1818.

PETER F. HEERING'S
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CHERRY BRANDY.

Sold by all respectable Wine Merchants, by whom the New Show Cards can be obtained on application.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 50,244—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1894.

PRICE 8 ANNAS
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
CONTAINING
The Special Time and Fair Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Places of interest along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic information, the Routes between the Principal Towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.
WITH A COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
BOMBAY:
Printed & Published at the "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	SATURDAY. 2 P.M.
B.I. GANGES	4206	800	T Creery	15th Dec.
† CLYDE	4136	800	H. T. Weighell	22nd ,,
B.I. ORIENTAL	5152	1200	L. Moule	29th ,,
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	5th Jan.
P.M. CALEDONIA	7558	2750	W. B. Andrews	12th ,,
† CLYDE	4136	800	H. T. Weighell	19th ,,
B.I. PENINSULAR	5152	1200	R. F. Briscoe	26th ,,
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	2nd Feb.
B.I. SHANNON	4189	800	E. Crewe	9th ,,
† CLYDE	4136	800	H. T. Weighell	16th ,,
B.I. CARTHAGE	5280	1000	M. de Horne	23rd ,,
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	2nd Mar.
B.I. SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. J. Nantes	9th ,,
† CLYDE	4136	800	H. T. Weighell	16th ,,
P.M. CALEDONIA	7558	2750	W. B. Andrews	23rd ,,
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	30th ,,
B.I. ORIENTAL	5152	1200	L. Moule	6th April.
† CLYDE	4136	800	H. T. Weighell	13th ,,
				TUESDAY, 5 P.M.
Ex.M. PENINSULAR	5152	1200	R. F. Briscoe	16th April.
				SATURDAY, 2 P.M.
B.I. SHANNON	4189	800	E. Crewe	20th April.
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	27th ,,
BM.I. CALEDONIA	7558	2750	W. B. Andrews	4th May
† CLYDE	4136	800	H. T. Weighell	11th ,,
B.I. GANGES	4206	800	T. Creery	18th ,,
				FRIDAY, 5 P.M.
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A Seaton	24th May
B.I. CARTHAGE	5280	1000	M. de Horne	31st ,,

The Steamer marked Ex. M. is a special through steamer, to London calling at Marseilles.

The Steamers marked B.I. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These Vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipthere to a Steamer for Brindisi and London. No Passengers for Marseilles can proceed by these Steamers.

The Steamers marked B. M. proceed to Brindisi and Marseilles only; Not taking Passengers for London by Long Sea route.

The steamer marked B.M.L. proceeds to Brindisi, Marseilles and London.

Single and return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. & O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. & O Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on day of sailing, or on the Afternoon of the previous day.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at Noon on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board, and only Hand Packages will be received. The attention of passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage correctly labelled with Port of destination.

Passage-tickets are issued to London *via* Japan and Vancouver.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates, conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China. Passengers for Australia tranship at Colombo:—

ROSETTA, 27th Dec. SUTLEJ, 13th December.
ROHILLA, 24th January KAISER-I-HIND, 10th Jan.
RAVENNA, 7th February.

In addition to the above, CARGO STEAMERS leave for China and Japan at frequent intervals, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 19th Nov., 1894.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,119	750	1st Jan. '95.
IMPERATRIX	G. Nicolich	4,194	750	1st Feb. '95.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE, VENICE Or BRINDISI	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
POSEIDON	A. Fellner	3,878	650	9th Jan. '95.
MARQUIS BACQUEHEM	G. Wallnschnig.	4,409	350	9th Feb. ,,

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE Or VENICE	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

STEAMERS for BOMBAY LEAVE TRIESTE on the 21st of each month.

RETURN TICKETS.

Either Accelerated or Ordinary Service to TRIESTE.

	1st Class	2nd Class
AVAILABLE for 6 MONTHS	Rs. 900	Rs. 575
AVAILABLE for 12 MONTHS	Rs. 1060	Rs. 625

INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste the St. Gothard's, and other Routes.

In connection with the Steamers Tickets the Company issue now Railway Tickets to the Principal Towns of Austria and Germany, as well as Tickets by steamers of the "Nord-deutscher Lloyd" (North German Lloyd) to ports of North and South America, Australia, &c., called at by their vessels.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
MARIA VALERIE	G. Costanzo	4,235	350	21st Dec.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. POLLUCE to Madras, and Calcutta.

For further Particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

C. ZANELLA,
Acting Agent.

Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Dec. 9th, 1894.

COMPAGNIE DES

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,
FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE S. S. LA SEYNE will LEAVE Bombay on 12th December, 1894, at 3 p.m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN in connection with the Australian Steamer Homeward-bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for four, six and twelve months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued including Railway Fares from Marseilles to London.

A Steam Launch will leave the Apollo Bunder, at 1 P.M., on the Day of SAILING to convey Passengers on Board the Steamer.

A. SIMEON, Agent.
Old Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners, FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION.

FAVOURABLE ARRANGEMENTS for securing Berths according to individual requirements.

THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.

CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, available by any route, and allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.

PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at London, Liverpool, Brindisi, Naples, Rome, Marseilles, Paris and all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.

OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.

HOTEL COUPONS available at over 1,200 Hotels.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Civil and Military Officers to Europe *via* China and America.

HEAVY BAGGAGE RECEIVED and forwarded.

INSURANCE POLICIES against death by accident issued, Insurance of Passengers Baggage effected.

CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS of CREDIT issued for the use of Travellers in all parts of the World.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

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INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking and Money Agency transacted.

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WILL FORMS OF DIFFERENT KINDS Price 8 As. each. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

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THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,694 tons, on the 15th December, at 2 p. m., or thereafter, on arrival of Incoming English Mail Steamer.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 11th Decr. at 10 a.m., calling (weather permitting) at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandavie and Kurrachee in the foregoing or any order.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* POREBUNDER AND CUTCH MANDAVIE.

S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 1,122 tons, on the 15th December, at 10 a. m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PEMBA," 1,536 tons, on the 13th Decr. at noon, calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "MADEIRA," 1,951 tons, on the 13th Decr. calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

FOR ADEN AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "PURULIA," 1,554 tons, on the 20th December, calling at Aden, Mombassa, and Zanzibar, in the foregoing or any order.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 8th December, 1894. Agents.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.

Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.

Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA.

HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1894-95.

MESSRS. GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., BOMBAY, beg to intimate that their HAND-BOOK, containing full particulars of the various Steamship Companies' arrangements for the Homeward Passenger Season, 1894-95, is now in course of distribution; and intending Passengers who may not have received Copies are invited to apply either to Bombay or to Calcutta, when the omission will be at once Rectified.

No charge is made for Arranging and Booking Passages, and Special Attention is given to securing the best possible Accommodation, and congenial companionship when a Cabin has to be shared.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co., BOMBAY,
GRINDLAY & Co., CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

DRESS GLOVES, TIES, AND HOSE.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Superior White Dress Gloves, 2 buttons	2 0	2 4
Extra Quality French Kid	3 0	3 6

WHITE CAMBRIC DRESS BOWS.

New Shapes to hand, Rs. 4-8, Rs. 5-8, Rs. 7-8 per doz.

HOSE FOR DRESS WEAR.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Pure Black Silk	8 0	9 0
Spun Silk and Embroidered Fronts	2 8	2 12

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BOMBAY & POONA.

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The House in India for

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Catalogues Free on Application.

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KEMP'S LIVER GRANULES.

There was a Young Man of Bombay
Who grumbled the live-long day,
Till he read in a Manual
Of Kemp's Liver Granule—
Now of Men he's the Gayest of Gay!

KEMP'S LIVER GRANULES,
Per Bottle, Re. 1.

KEMP & Co., LD., BOMBAY.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS, done in VERSE, after the manner of various other great Poets, by W. E. H. PRICE. Rs. 1-8 Postage Annas.

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COSAQUES,
BONBONS,
MECHANICAL TOYS,
WREATHS,
FANCY BOXES.

TREACHER & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, POONA.

"ARMY" BROWN LEATHER POLISH

For Military Accoutrements, Saddles, Boots, Shoes, and all Brown Leather Goods.

Produces a beautiful and lasting Polish, and does not in any way injure the Leather.

As. 10 per Bottle.

PHILLIPS & CO., LD., BOMBAY & POONA.

W. B. GREEN & CO.

ARE NOW RECEIVING REGULARLY THE FOLLOWING:—

		Rs.	a.
HAMS.—Pale Cumberland, finest Quality,	per lb.	1	3
,, Ready Cooked,—Whole or Half,	,,	2	2
,, ,, in Slices,	,,	2	12
BACON.—Harris's Real Wilts Middles,	,,	1	3
,, ,, ,, ,, Bellies	,,	1	1
CHEESES.—Double Gloster Guipere, Cheddar,	,,	1	1
Real Stilton and Gorgonzola	,,	1	10
FRESH AUSTRALIAN BUTTER,	,,	1	6

SPANISH GRAPES, KENTISH COBNUTS, BARCELONA AND BRAZIL WALNUTS, NOW IN STOCK.

APOLLO BUNDER, BOMBAY.

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HAVE the pleasure to announce the ARRIVAL of the following GOODS, which have been Selected from the FIRST HOUSES in LONDON and PARIS.

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FANCY COATINGS, DRESS SUITINGS, TWEEDS, HOMESPUNS, ANGOLAS, SERGES, FLANNELS, BREECHES MATERIALS, &c., &c.

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FRENCH CAMBRICS, OXFORD MATTS, EATON GAUZES, SILK AND WOOL FLANNELS, COLORED FLANNELS, TROPICAL FLANNELS, SPUN SILK.

SCARVES, TIES, BOWS, &C.

ALL THE LATEST NOVELTIES.

BRACES, BELTS, COLLARS.

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GAUZE MERINO, SILK AND WOOL MERINO, LAMB'S WOOL—VESTS and PANTS to MATCH.

SOCKS—LISLE THREAD MERINO, LAMB'S WOOL, &c.
KNICKERBOCKER HOSE FOR SPORTSMEN.

SUN HATS, FELT HATS, STRAW HATS.

From Messrs. ELWOOD & SONS, HAWKE'S, TOWNSEND & Co.
—All the LATEST SHAPES—

TRUNKS, BAGS, PORTMANTEAUS.

LADIES' DRESS BASKETS, LADIES' TRUNKS, TROOPSHIP TRUNKS, LEATHER DRESS SUIT CASES, UNIFORM CASES, GLADSTONE, ODD KIT BAGS, &c., &c.

THORPE AND CO.,

RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

CHRISTMAS 1894.

'XMAS	CARDS.	'XMAS	PRESENTS.
'XMAS	CRACKERS.	'XMAS	PUDDINGS.
'XMAS	CAKES.	'XMAS	WINES.
'XMAS	FRUITS.	'XMAS	TREE DECORATION.
'XMAS	TOYS.	'XMAS	SWEETS.

'XMAS GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Our 'Xmas Displays are
ONE OF THE SIGHTS OF BOMBAY!!

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FORT. BYCULLA. CUMBALLA HILL.

POCKET BINOCULAR FIELD GLASS.

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OPTICIANS,
BOMBAY & POONA.

Made Entirely of Aluminium.
Only One Inch Thick When Closed.
Marvellously Light!
The most Useful Field Glass in Existence.
The Most Useful Companion one can Possess.
High Power,
Splendid Definition,
Superior Achromatic Lenses.

PATRONISED and approved by Officers of all Arms of the Military Service.

HAS received the Unanimous and most Extraordinary Testimony of the English Press as being

THE MOST USEFUL IN EXISTENCE—
Suitable for all purposes.

THE OPERA, FIELD AND MARINE.

THIS GLASS can be Opened, Focussed, and Pocketed again in about HALF THE TIME it takes to bring the Ordinary Binoculars into use.

Complete in Soft Leather Case, Rs. 70.

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OPTICIANS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

HANDSOME PRESENTS FOR 'XMAS AND NEW YEAR.

LEATHER & SUNDRY GOODS.

	Rs. a.	Rs. a.		Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Albums	from 9 0	to 60 0	Work Baskets	from 6 0	to 20 0
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Cabinet Photo Frames	,, 1 0	to 20 0	Music Rolls	,, 7 0	to 30 2
Card Cases	,, 0 14	to 8 0	Travelling Mirrors	,, 4 0	to 5 12
Cigar Cases	,, 1 14	to 12 0	Thermometers	,, 0 8	to 5 0
Cigarette Cases	,, 2 0	to 12 0	Hand Bags, Fitted	,, 16 0	to 44 0
Combination Cases (Work Box and Writing Desk)	,, 15 0	to 40 0	Tourist Cases	,, 7 0	to 40 0
Date Cases	,, 20 0	to 30 0	Gongs	,, 9 0	to 30 0
Date Calendars (with Clock, Barometer and Thermometer)	,, 18 0	to 56 0	Glove and Handkerchief Boxes	,, 12 0	to 30 0
Dressing Cases	,, 16 0	to 70 0	Ivory Backed Hair Brushes	,,	20 0
Dressing Bags	,, 40 0	to 375 0	Powder Boxes	,, 2 8	to 6 0
Hand Bags	,, 2 8	to 20 0	Jewel Cases	,, 20 0	to 70 0
Scrap Books	,, 4 0	to 10 0	Memo. Books	,, 0 8	to 16 0
Stamp Albums	,, 2 0	to 8 0	Photo Frames	,, 1 0	to 20 0
Stamp Albums, 2 Vols	,,	19 0	Photo Boxes	,, 3 8	to 9 0
Scent Cases (2 and 3 Bottles)	,, 1 12	to 18 0	Photo Screens	,, 4 0	to 16 0
Writing Cases	,, 5 0	to 75 0	Card Boxes (Leather)	,, 2 0	to 3 8
Brushes in Cases	,, 6 0	to 10 0	Money Purses (in great variety)	,, 1 8	to 14 0
Toilet Sets in Silk-lined Leather Cases	,, 35 0	to 80 0	Leather Ash Trays	,, 2 0	to 3 0
Work Boxes, Fitted	,, 9 8	to 35 0	Inkstands	,, 7 8	to 20 0
			Paper Weights	,, 0 12	to 3 0
			Call Bells	,, 1 8	to 7 8

MORENAS & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS OF FRENCH AND ENGLISH CONFECTIONERY,
MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

JUST RECEIVED,

A FRESH CONSIGNMENT OF THE FOLLOWING BRANDS OF

REAL MANILLA CIGARS,

"FLORA DE LA ISABELLA."

KNOWN TO BE EXCEEDINGLY PLEASANT AND DELIGHTFUL.

Imperiales	in Boxes of 25	with silver foil.	Rs. 8	0 per box.
Primo de Rever	,, 25	,,	6	8 ,,
Regl. Antonio Lopez	,, 50	with ring	11	12 ,,
Non Plus Ultra	,, 50	,,	9	8 ,,
Exquisitos	,, 50	,,	7	8 ,,
Princessas (small size)	,, 50	,,	5	8 ,,
Neuvo Habano Especial	,, 100	,,	6	8 ,,
Do. do. No. 1	,, 100	,,	5	8 ,,
Do. do. No. 2	,, 100	,,	5	0 ,,
Do. do. No. 3	,, 100	,,	4	8 ,,

A TRIAL IS SOLICITED.

TH. VAFIADIS & CO.,

20, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

OUR SIGHT

is of greater importance, and gives us more satisfaction, than all our other senses put together.

OUR EYES

ought, therefore, to be treated well.

KEMP & Co.'s

SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES

are scientifically made, and the sight carefully tested. When properly suited with spectacles, the wearer will be relieved of headaches, and the nervous system will experience a rest not hitherto obtained.

KEMP AND CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

PIANOS.

HARRISON & CO.'S

IMPERIAL MODEL.

HEIGHT, 4 ft. 3½ in. WIDTH, 4 ft. 7 in

This Piano is specially suited for India.

PRICE: £25, Net Cash,

Usual shop price, £40.

Burr Walnut, Rosewood or Ebonized, Iron Frame, Full Trichord, Check Action, Three Compartment Top Door, with Burr Mouldings and Marqueterie Panels incised and gilded, Mouldings on Lockboard and Cheeks, Ivory Keys, Brass Pedals, Sconces.

THIS IS THE CHEAPEST & BEST PIANO IN THE TRADE

HARRISON & CO.,
29, PATERNOSTER SQUARE, E. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

THE THESPIAN CLUB,

Under the Patronage and in the Presence of

H. E. THE GOVERNOR,

Will Produce on

THURSDAY, 20TH DEC., at 9-15 P.M., precisely,

JEROME K. JEROME'S one-Act Play,

ENTITLED

"BARBARA,"

AND

CECIL DAY'S Musical Comedy,

"A PANTOMIME REHEARSAL."

Box Office at SOUNDY & Co.

PRICES:

Orchestra Stalls and front row of Dress Circle.....Rs. 4
Other rows of Dress Circle..... „ 3
Pit Stalls ..... „ 2
Pit, &c..... „ 1

Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform Half Price to Back Seats.

B. B. & C. I. Ry. PAREL GYMKHANA.

A VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT

Will be given by the MEMBERS of the above IN THE MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, to be followed by a DANCE,

ON FRIDAY, 14TH DECEMBER,

Commencing at 9 P.M. (local time).

ADMISSION: One Gentleman and Lady, Rs. 1, Extra Lady, As. 8.

Tickets may be obtained from the Undersigned, and at the Door.

Committee. { W. LUCKEY, W. RAMSAY, M. D'MELLOW.

S.S. "RYDAL HALL,"

Arrived 8th December, 1894.

CONSIGNEES are requested TO TAKE DELIVERY of their CARGO from the VICTORIA DOCK. Chafed or Broken Packages must be surveyed before removal from the Landing Shed. The Undersigned decline to survey GOODS removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.

Lifts exceeding 30 cwts. will be delivered into Consignees' Boats, and, if not alongside in time, will be landed or placed in Boats at Steamer's option at their risk and expense.

Captain CLARK will attend every Morning to survey damages, &c., and all Claims must be certified to by him, and sent in within a month of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be paid.

EDWARD, BATES & Co., Agents.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 8th December, 1894.

NOTICE.

THE MUNICIPAL ELECTION ROLL, which will be in force for 12 months beginning on 10th December, 1894, is now ready, and Copies can be obtained on application at the Office of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

A Fee of Rs. 2 will be charged for each Copy.

H. A. ACWORTH,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Offices, Bombay, 8th December, 1894.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Manager, Warora Colliery, up to 2 P.M., on 31st January, 1895, for the Supply of INDIGENOUS STORES required for the Warora Colliery during the financial year 1895-96.

2. Forms of Tender, Conditions of Contract, and List of Stores to be supplied, can be had on application to the Undersigned on payment of One Rupee per Set.

3. Tenders should be superscribed "Tenders for supply of Stores."

4. The Manager does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

GEO. B. REYNOLDS,
Manager, Warora Colliery.

Warora, 7th December, 1894.

PASSENGERS—

—ARRIVING

Will find in—

ASQUITH & LORD'S

OUTFITTING WAREHOUSE,

APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY,

The Largest and most Complete Stock of the Newest and Best Materials for Gents' Suits and Shirts.

SUN-PROOF HELMETS,

HOSIERY,

TRUNKS, BAGS, HOLD-ALLS,

—RUGS, PILLOWS, etc.—

ASQUITH & LORD,

—ESTABLISHED 1870—

APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

J. NEUBERG,

MEDOWS STREET.

CIGARS AND CHEROOTS,
Indian and Foreign.

EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES
of Finest Qualities.

SMOKING TOBACCOS.
of All Brands.

PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS,
Cameras, Hand and Stand.
Dry Plates, Developers, &c.

BENTWOOD FURNITURE,
Best Makers and Newest Shapes.

TABLE LINEN,
Towels, Sheeting, &c.
(Sole Agent, Basel Mission.)

COTTAGE PIANOS.
(Built to order for India.)

CARPETS, BATH TUBS.

COOKING AND WARMING STOVES.

ENAMELLED IRON WARE.

NILGIRI AND KANGRA TEAS.

CEYLON TEA,

FOLDING TABLES.

TRAVELLING BATHS.

COMPLETE CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION.

J. NEUBERG,

MEDOWS STREET.

HIGH CLASS WHISKIES.

"Pall Mall," 11 Years Old	Rs. 42 8
Napier Johnstone's	38 0
Brodie's Black "Squal" Bottles	35 8
STEWART'S FAMOUS OLD SCOTCH	28 0
Gaelic Old Smuggler	28 0
Camusalmie	27 8
Rankin's "Old Ship"	30 8
Our Own SPECIAL BLEND	27 0

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,

BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!! TO-NIGHT!!!

THE VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT,

Under the Patronage and in the Presence of

R. H. VINCENT, ESQ., C.I.E.,

AND

H. G. GELL, ESQ.,

Commissioner and Deputy Commissioner of Police,

WILL BE GIVEN IN THE

GAIETY THEATRE,

BY THE MEMBERS OF THE

BOMBAY CITY POLICE DRAMATIC CLUB,

Assisted by Ladies and Gentlemen Amateurs.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!! TO-NIGHT!!!

Doors Open at 8-30 P.M. Overture at 9 P.M.

PROGRAMME:

PART I.

1. Duet ..... MRS. R. H. VINCENT and MRS. MANDER.
2. Song (Comic) ....."The Good Old Annual" ..... MR. QUINNEY.
3. Whistling Solo, with Banjo Accompaniment. MR. D. HOUGHTON.
4. Song ....."Ora Pro Nobis"..... MRS. OLIVER. Piccolomini.
5. Violin Solo ..... MR. JOLLIFFE.
6. Song ....."Look Back"..... MR. MONTAGUE. Reay.
7. Song ....."Husbands"..... MRS. FLYNN. Roeckel.
8. Recitation ....."The Dandy Fifth" ..... MR. QUINNEY.
9. Song (Character) ..... MR. PETERS.
10. Step Dance ..... MR. JIM O'REILLY.

Meeting of WELLINGTON and BLUCHER by the Red Sea.

INTERVAL OF 10 MINUTES.

PART II.

Farcical Comedy, Entitled

"TURN HIM OUT."

CHARACTERS:

Nicodemus Nobbs	(An Itinerant Vendor of Juvenile Toys)	Mr. Hack.
Mr. Mackintosh Moke.	.....	Mr. Michael.
Mr. Eglantine Rosleaf	.....	Mr. Montague.
Julia (Moke's Wife) ..	.....	Miss M. Cottle.
Susan (Maid of all Work)	.....	Mrs. Flynn.

Porters.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

W. D. T. HACK, Business Manager.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR
OF BOMBAY,

A BURLESQUE OPERA,

ENTITLED

"EMPEROR JEHANGIR"

OR

"TWO LITTLE GIRLS IN PINK,"

Will be Produced by the

ORPHEAN DRAMATIC CLUB,

AT THE

NOVELTY THEATRE,

ON THE

13TH AND 14TH DECEMBER, 1894,

Introducing the Latest

POPULAR AIRS AND DANCES.

40 PERFORMERS.

Doors Open at 8-30. Overture 9 P.M.
Box Office open at SOUNDY and Co.

Orchestra Stalls, Dress Circle, front row.....Rs. 3
Dress Circle, other seats.....Rs. 2
Pit Stalls, Re. 1. Pit and Gallery, Ans. 8.

MEMBERS' TICKETS.—The Hon. Secretary will issue Cards on Application to be Exchanged for Numbered Tickets at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.

BOMBAY

NAVAL AND MILITARY TOURNAMENT,

17TH, 18TH, 19TH, 20TH DECEMBER,

COMMENCING Each Day at 9-30 P.M.

Doors Open at 8 O'clock.

Tickets can be obtained at all the Clubs, Hotels, and at the principal Shops in Bombay, at Messrs. B. PHILLIP and Co., Poona, and Mr. FRAMJI, Bandora.

1st Class.....	Rs. 3 0
2nd Class	„ 1 0
3rd Class	„ 0 4
Season Tickets (First Class).....	„ 10 0

Purchasers of First Class Tickets can Reserve seats on application to Lieut. CASSERLY, 21st Bo. L, Oval Camp Office (near the Flag Staff), between 12 Noon and 2 P.M., and 4 to 6 P.M. Only a Limited number of Seats can be Reserved.

CHRISTMAS

AND

NEW YEAR'S CARDS.

WE have just Unpacked a very Large Selection of CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR'S CARDS, consisting of all New and Novel Designs. The prices are moderately marked so as to clear off the Heavy Stock of this year.

BOLTON & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS OF NOVELTIES,

BOMBAY.

NOTICES.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS.—RETURN TICKETS AT REDUCED FARES.

FIRST and SECOND CLASS RETURN TICKETS, at a fare and a half, will be issued between any two Stations on the G. I. P. Railway from FRIDAY, the fourteenth of December, 1894, to MONDAY, the thirty-first of December, 1894, (both days inclusive), available for the Return Journey up to, and including MONDAY, the fourteenth of January, 1895.

2. Through Return Tickets (First and Second Class only) at a fare and a half between these dates will be issued between the G. I. P. and the Indian Midland Railways. The holders of these Tickets to Cawnpore may return from Agra Fort, or the holders of Tickets to Agra Fort may return from Cawnpore, within these dates.

3. The following are the Return First and Second Class Fares between Victoria Terminus and Byculla Stations, and Agra and Cawnpore respectively, namely:—

	First Class. Rs. A. P.	Second Class Rs. A. P.
Victoria Terminus to Agra Fort, and back	78 9 0	39 5 0
Victoria Terminus to Cawnpore, and back	78 9 0	39 5 0
Byculla to Agra Fort, and back..	78 5 0	39 4 0
Byculla to Cawnpore, and back.	78 5 0	39 4 0

HENRY CONDER,
General Traffic Manager,

Bombay, the Fifteenth of November, 1894.

"BANGALORE UNITED SERVICE CLUB."

6 PER CENT. DEBENTURES.

SOME Now AVAILABLE Rs. 1,000 Each. For terms, etc.,

Apply to SECRETARY.

THE BOMBAY & PERSIA S. N. Co., Ld.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of Rs. 30 per each Original Share of Rs. 500, and of Rs 7½ per each New Issue (3) Share of Rs. 125, for the year ending 31st December, 1893, has been declared and made Payable at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 1, Ash Lane, on and after the 17th instant, to the Registered Shareholders, on the 29th ultimo.

Shareholders are requested to produce their Share Certificates when applying for Dividend Warrants.

A. H. ZENALABDIN SHIRAZI,
Agent.

Bombay, December 1, 1894.

GENERAL FAMILY PENSION FUND.

(ESTABLISHED 1870.)

Accumulated Capital, in the hands of Government, over 27 Lakhs.

FUNDS INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT PAPER ONLY.

OPEN to all Christians, including Government Servants, and including WOMEN.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are received at all Government Treasuries, or in the case of Government Servants can be deducted from Salary Bills.

RATES as LOW as is consistent with perfect safety. NO ENTIRE FORFEITURE after Three Years, payments, provided the Nominee survives the Subscriber.

A regular Monthly Pension secured to mother sister, wife, children, or other near relatives.

For Report and Rules, etc., Apply to—

SYKES & Co.,

SECRETARIES,

GRANTS-LANE, CALCUTTA.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE OF MECHANIC TOYS, STEREOSCOPIC CAMERA, CALL BELLS, STICKS, LEATHER BAGS, &c.; also Flower and Vegetable Seeds, &c.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, 10th inst, at 2 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Sale Rooms, No. 4, Forbes and Medows Streets, Fort, by order of Messrs. M. P. Batha and Co., and on account and at the risk of Haji Moosa Haji Mahomed, one case toys, &c., M. P. B. & Co.—P. C.-6250 ex s. s. "Sutlej," consisting mechanic and musical dolls and carts, rubber toys, drums, tambourine, stereoscopic camera with slides, call bells, tea sets, child's leather bags, belts, purses, tooth brushes, &c.

Also, under instructions, consisting (2) cases of Sutton's flower, grass, and vegetable seeds in tins.

Also by order of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, consisting gold rings, studs, silver buttons, nose-rings, embroidered caps, silk odni, old coats, turbans, copper and brass pots, udid, &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, December 10, 1894.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF SUPERIOR WINES.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 10th inst., at 2-30 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, to close accounts—

10 boxes	vino de champagne carte Rose at Vix Bara.
6 „	champagne sparkling gold.
6 „	do. sparkling cabinet extra cuvee.
12 „	barsac wine of Bordeaux.
4 „	grape wine (white).
9 „	do. (white).
2 „	sparkling hock.
3 „	do. moselle.
3 „	red portwine from Portugal.
3 „	white port wine from Portugal.
7 „	sherry from Spain.
4 „	hogsheads of Bordeaux claret.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 10th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white, and coloured piece-goods, and the following:—

1 double-barrel breech-loading gun.
1 ebonized grand cottage pianoforte by Soundy and Co.

By order of the concerned, and on account and at the risk of Lekhraj Jeharimull, of Delhi—

7-K B D—650—1 case 20 Ps. woollen flannel.
5-K B D—668—1 case 20 Ps. woollen flannel.

On account of the concerned, ex. s.s. Loodiana—

F T and Co—B.186—371—1 case containing 1 improved guillotine squaring shear for cutting tin and other metal, 30½ inches, to work by foot or treadle, and 1 strong angle bending machine, 20 inches.

By order of Tricumdas Laljee, and on account and at the risk of Ramkison Goculchund—

15 bales each 70 pieces country soosi, 24 yds. No. 118.
10 „ 60 „ „ 24 „ No. 208.

AT 2 P.M.

1 handsome light victoria.
1 strong serviceable double-seated brougham.
1 second-hand strong-built landau.
1 light and neat dog cart.

The property of C. H. Jahier, Esq.—

1 English-built open carriage, by Baker and Co., lately done up thoroughly.

And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

SALE OF 50 CASES TURKEY-RED PRINTS.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 10th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, by order of Messrs. Volkart Brothers' Delhi Agency, Delhi, and on account and at the risk of the defaulting Indentor, Ramchander Kanhialal—

D—1920-94—5 cases Turkey-red prints.
1955-69—15 „ „ „
2039-39—10 „ „ „
1995-2003—15 „ „ „
2050-54—5 „ „ „

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

On SATURDAY, the 15th instant, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Gowalia Tank Road, opposite the Tank, the Stock-in-trade of a furniture Merchant closing his business, consisting of complete suits of dining, drawing, office, and bedroom furniture of superior finish and best workmanship, made by Madrasi workmen, under owner's supervision after the designs of English furniture manufacturers, artistic chiffoniers, cabinets, revolving office tables, book presses, elegant single and double mirror door almiras, elegant dressing and washhand tables to match, &c.

Catalogues will be published, and the property is on view.

On MONDAY, the 17th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, by order of the concerned, and on account and at the risk of Dinnanath Bushesharnath, Delhi, ex Maria Valerie—

ZDNA } 223—1 case woollen shawls.
IRNM }

On account and at the risk of Shiva Nath Buldeo Dass, Delhi, ex Gisela—

ZSB A R M 263—1 case 32 pieces coloured Spanish stripes.

On account and at the risk of Punnalal Luckmichand, Delhi, ex Vindobona—

ZDI A P I L 253—1 case 32 pieces Spanish stripes.

On account and at the risk of Buldeo Sahai Kaloo Mull, Delhi, ex Imperatrix—

Z BS A } 282—1 case 32 pieces Spanish stripes.
R K M M } 183—1 case 32 „ „

On account and at the risk of Durga Datt Jagannath, Delhi, ex Imperatrix—

Z DDJN A R M 284—1 case 32 pieces Spanish stripes.

On account and at the risk of Sohan Lall Ram Saran Dass, Delhi, ex Imperatrix—

Z SLAN A R M 281—1 case 32 pieces Spanish stripes.

On account and at the risk of Kirparam Chootha Mall, Delhi, ex Gisela—

Z KRCM A R M 272—1 case 30 pieces Spanish stripes.

BONA-FIDE SALE,

On TUESDAY, 18th inst, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Joongersy Road, Malabar Hill, the valuable teak and black dinning, drawing and bedroom furniture by Roberts and others, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, one Bijou overstrung cottage pianoforte by Soundy and Co, in good order, rich table ornaments, firstrate pictures, Persian carpets, books, garden plants etc, the property of E. S. GUBBAY, Esq, proceeded to Calcutta.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, December 10, 1894.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF HORSES.

On THURSDAY, the 13th instant, at 3-30 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Mr. Oomer Jamal Vuyani's stables, Byculla, opposite the Byculla Club—

On account of the estate of the late Hajee Hadie—

1 bay Persian, 15 hands, 6 years.
1 black Persian, 14 2½ hands, 6 years.
1 bay Persian, 15-3 hands, 6 years.
1 bay Persian, 15-2 hands, 6 years.
1 roan grey Persian, 14-2 hands, 5 years.
1 black Persian, 15 hands, 6 years.
1 bay Persian, 15-2 hands, 6 years.

On account and risk of the estate of the late Mr. Meshadin Hoosein—

1 grey Persian, 14 hands, 5 years.

On account and risk of the estate of the late Mr. Kalfati bin Akbar—

1 chesnut Persian, 14-1, 4 years.

On account and risk of the estate of the late Mahomed Ruza bin Hajee Aga—

1 dark grey Persian, 15-1, 5 years.
1 bay Persian, 14-1, 6 years.
1 grey Persian, 14-½, 7 years.
1 bay Persian, 14-1, 4 years.

The above horses are now on view.

BONA-FIDE.

On MONDAY, the 17th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 2, Ripon Road, valuable and handsome teak and blackwood French polished household furniture, plated, glass and crockery ware, Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging kerosine lamps, Brussels carpets, fancy table ornaments, &c., the property of a deceased Gentleman.

The property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE by order of the Trustees for the Debenture-holders of the MAHARANI ICE Co., Ld.

Under instructions of the Trustees of the Debenture-holders of the Maharani Ice Co., Ld., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will (unless previously privately disposed of) on FRIDAY, the 21st instant, at 4 p.m., sell by Public Auction, on the premises, with a reserve price of Rs. 50,000 the property of the abovenamed Company, in one lot, consisting of the lease of the property, situated at No. 5, Armenian Lane, Fort, together with boilers, engines, pumps, refrigerators, condensers, shaftings, ice and water tanks, electric light machinery, filters, engine stores, engine tools, spare machinery, furniture scales, tools, &c., &c.

Full particulars of the above property, together with the conditions of sale, can be obtained from the Managing Trustee, Mr. Chubildas Lallcoohoy, at Messrs. James Mackintosh and Co., or at the Rooms of the Undersigned.

N. B.—Private offers for the property will be received by the Undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, December 10, 1894.

THE "MOZART" STOOL.

(Size 14 in. by 18 in.)

"RISE AND FALL ARTIST'S SEAT."

A most perfect Piano Seat, possesses the important advantages of 5 in. elevation, absolute steadiness and quick rise by a few Turns of either Handle; strong metal mechanism in

LEATHER, RICH VELVET AND SADDLEBAG, Rs. 65 to Rs. 85.

THE "MOZART" MODEL UPRIGHT BOUDOIR PIANOS,

Rs. 650 to Rs. 750.

Refined and elegant exterior, SPECIALLY BUILT for the CLIMATE OF INDIA, solid metal frames, beautifully sweet and powerful in tone: full Compass.

Height 4 ft. 1 in., Width 4 ft. 11 in. Depth 2 ft. 1 in.

SPECIAL EASY TERMS for Hire Purchase.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,

PIANOFORTE WAREHOUSE,

BOMBAY & POONA.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest Rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

NOTICES.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Committee of the Chamber of Commerce have appointed the following Days for the purpose of BALLOTING for the ELECTION of the CHAIRMAN and DEPUTY CHAIRMAN of the Chamber for the year 1895:—

MONDAY and TUESDAY, 10th and 11th December, 1894, for the Election of Chairman.

MONDAY and TUESDAY, 17th and 18th December, 1894, for the Election of Deputy Chairman.

The BALLOT BOX will be OPEN at the Offices of the Chamber, from 10 A.M. till 6 P.M., on each of the above Days.

By Order of the Committee,

JOHN MARSHALL,
Secretary.

Chamber of Commerce, Bombay, 1st December, 1894.

BRITISH INDIA S. NAV. COMPANY, LD.

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.

BOMBAY AND KURRACHEE.

FIRST CLASS Return Tickets between Bombay and Kurrachee will be issued at the specially REDUCED RATES of Rupees SIXTY for the CHRISTMAS Holidays.

Steamers leave Bombay every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, arriving in Kurrachee on Friday, Saturday and Monday. Return Steamers leave Kurrachee every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, arriving in Bombay on Thursday, Saturday and Tuesday.

For further particulars apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Bombay.

AND

McIVER MACKENZIE & Co., Kurrachee.

Bombay, 1st December, 1894.

KOTRI-ROHRI RAILWAY.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

THE Construction of this Railway will be commenced at once. Contractors desirous of taking up Work on Schedule of Rates system or of Supplying Materials, should make Preliminary Application to Undersigned without delay. A large quantity of Bricks, &c., are required. Contractors must be prepared to Import most of their Labor.

Apply to

ENGINEER-IN-CHIEF,
Kotri-Rohri Railway, Hyderabad (Sind).

NOTICE.

In the Matter of the Estate of SORABJEE FRAMJEE PATEL, late of Bombay, Parsee inhabitant, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons claiming against the estate of SORABJEE FRAMJEE PATEL, who died at Warden Road without the Fort Bombay on the 2nd day of July 1894 and probate of whose last will and testament with two codicils thereto was granted on the 29th day of November 1894 by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to his Executors BAPUJEE SORABJEE PATEL, KHURSEDJEE SORABJEE PATEL, JAIJI WIDOW of the said SORABJEE FRAMJEE PATEL and PEROZSHAW MANOCKJEE KAKA are hereby required to send in their claims to the said executors at the office of Messrs. FRAMJEE SONS and Co. Dalal Street, Fort, on or before the 1st day of January, 1895, at the expiration of which time they will hand over the residue of the assets to the person or persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

All persons indebted to the estate of the deceased or having property of his in their hands are hereby required to pay the debts or hand over such property to the said executors.—Dated this 1st day of December 1894.

CRAIGIE, LYNCH, & OWEN,
Solicitors, High Court.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

The following is the Prospectus for the next EXHIBITION of the Society, which will be OPENED on the 13th of February, 1895.

COLIN CAMPBELL,
Honorary Secretary.

THE FOLLOWING PRIZES WILL BE AWARDED AT THE EXHIBITION:—

SUBJECTS.	PRIZE-GIVERS.
1 For the best Landscape in any medium	The Society's Gold Medals (Value Rs 114 each)
2 For the best Figure subject in any medium	
3 For the best Painting of Flowers or Still-life, in Oil-colours	The Society's Silver Medals.
4 For the best Painting of Flowers or Still-life, in Water-colours	
5 For the best Painting in Monochrome (any medium)	
6 For the best Sketch *a* in Oil-colours, size not less than 12 by 8 in.....	
7 For the best Sketch *a* in Water-colours, size not less than 12 by 8in.	
8 For the best Drawing in Pastel, Black or Coloured Crayons	
9 For the best Architectural Drawing	
10 For the best Model in any material	
11 For the best Photograph *b*, printed by any process	
12 For the best Delhi Painting on Ivory	

The following Prizes will be given in Money:—

13 For the best Picture in Exhibition (Rs 150)	His Excellency the Governor.
14 For the best Landscape in Oil-Colours (Rs. 100)	Presented by the Society.
15 For the best Landscape in Water-colours (Indian subject)—(Rs 100)...	
16 For the best Picture in Oil-colours by a Native of India *c* (Rs 75).....	His Highness Sir Takhtsinjee, GCSI, Maharajah of Bhavnagar.
16 For the best Model in Plaster or *Terra Cotta* by a Native of India *c* (Rs 75)	
18 For the best Picture in Water-colours by a Native of India *c* (Rs 50)	
19 For the best Figure-painting *d* in Water-colours (Rs 100)	The Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Judges of the High Court.
20 For the best Landscape or Seascape Water-colours (Rs 50.)	The Hon'ble Mr H M Birdwood, M.A., LLM., C.S.I.
21 For the best Figure-painting *d* in Oil-colours (Rs 100)	Some Members of the Bombay Bar.
22 For the best Figure-painting in Oil by a Native Lady Amateur (Rs 30)	Mr Ardasir Sorabji Camdin.
23 For the best Copy of a Figure-painting in Oil by a Native Lady Amateur *c* (Rs 20)	
24 For the best Figure-painting in Oil; Subject—"Some event in Hindu mythology in which surprise, anger and contempt of a lady are shewn at their highest pitch—" (Rs. 50)	Mr. J. V. Bhaisett
25 For the best Figure-painting in Oil; Subject—Brave action of a lady of the Puranic Age *c* (Rs. 50)	
26 For the best Picture in any subject —An Indian lady of ancient times in distress *c* (Rs. 50)	Mr. Karim Nensey.
27 For the best Picture in any medium of an Indian Street Scene (Rs. 50)	Some Pleaders of the High Court
28 For the best Painting of Animal-life in Oil or Water Colours (Rs 50)	
29 For the best set of 6 Photographs, *b* other than Portraits, negatives not less than 8½ by 6½ in., taken and printed by any process since the date of the last Exhibition by an amateur in India (Album or Views)—(Rs 50)	Sir Jamsetjee Jijeebhoy, Bart, CSI.
30 For the best Picture in any medium by a Native Student of an Art School in India (Rs 60)	Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit, Bart.
31 For the second best Picture in any medium by a Native Student of an Art School in India (Rs 40)	
32 For the best Picture by a Lady who has not taken another prize (Rs 50).	Mr Nowrojee N Wadia, CIE
33 For the best Architectural Drawing of any building in India *c* (Rs 50)..	
34 For the best Sketch *f* of any part of Bombay (Rs 50)	Mr Jamsetjee N Tata
35 For the best Drawing in black and white (Rs 50)	
36 For the best Picture drawn by a Student of the Sir J J School of Art, Bombay (Rs 60)	Mr Vajeshankar Gavarishankar (in commemoration of the late Mr Gavarishankar Udeyshankar, C S I, Dewan of Bhavnagar)
37 For the second best Picture drawn by a Student of the Sir J J School of Art, Bombay (Rs 40)	
38 For the best Seascape in any medium (Rs 100)	Mr George Cotton.
39 For the best Picture in any medium of a Hindu or Mussalman Building in India (Rs 60)	Mr G C Whitworth, ICS
40 For the best Picture of Fruit, or Flowers, or Still-life in Water-colours (Rs 50).....	Mr Currimbhoy Ebrahim
41 For the best Work by a local artist in Wood Engraving (Rs 50) *c*	The "Rast Goftar."
42 For the best Work by a Native of India in Lithograph, printed in colours *c* (Rs 50).....	Mr K N Kabraji.
43 For the best Portrait in Oil or Water Colors by a Native Lady (Rs. 50) ...	Mrs. Rustamji N. B. Jeejeebhoy.
44 For the best Photograph *b* by an Amateur (Rs. 40)	Messrs. Bhabajee Sakharam and Co.
45 For the best Portrait by Photography by an Amateur; size not less than 10 by 8 in, Any printing process is allowed *b* (Rs. 30).....	Messrs Damoder Madhowrao Dukle and Co.
46 For the best Design of a Picture Gallery for Bombay *c* (Rs. 50)	Messrs Sorabji and Shapurji and Co.
47 For the best colours Lithographic Work done in India *c* (Rs. 50)	
48 For the best Painting in Oil or Water-colour by a resident of India, of a Hindu Shrine, Bathing Ghaut, or such other religious Hindu Scenery (Rs. 50).....	Mr Govardhandas Khtaao Makanji.
49 For a Photo of a Hindu Ceremony by a Native of India *b* (Rs. 30))	Mr Tribhovandas Mangaldas Nathubhoy.
50 For the best Photograph by a Native Girl or Boy *b* (Rs. 30)	Mr. Noormahomed Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy.
51 For the best Photograph by an Amateur of a Landscape or Seascape *b* (Rs. 50)	The Bombay Art Society.
52 For the best Photograph by an Amateur of a Figure or Group of Figures or of an Animal or Group of Animals *b* (Rs. 50)	The Bombay Art Society.
53 For the best Photograph by an Amateur of Architecture *b* (Rs. 50)	The Bombay Art Society.

a See Rule 10 of General Rules.
b See Rule 11 of General Rules.
c See Rule 5 (a) of General Rules.
d Figure includes Full Length, Head or Group of Figures.
e Should Prize No. 22 lapse, it will be added to No. 22.
f Rule 10 of General Rules does not apply to this competition.

BAHADUR CIGARS.

SIX ANSWERS TO ONE QUESTION!!

Q.—Why are BAHADUR Cigars the Leading Brand in India?

A.

1.—BECAUSE they are Manufactured under the Supervision of EUROPEAN EXPERTS.
2.—BECAUSE only the CHOICEST TOBACCOS are used in their Manufacture.
3.—BECAUSE they are Loosely rolled, and draw Freely.
4.—BECAUSE the Delicacy of their Flavor approaches that of a Real HAVANA.
5.—BECAUSE they are Uniform in Quality, and can always be Relied on.
6.—BECAUSE the General Public say with one accord that they are the Very Best, and what everybody says must be True.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS,

McDOWELL & CO.,

MADRAS.

FOR SALE.

SALE ON BUILDING LEASES OF LAND ON THE ESPLANADE ESTATE, BOMBAY.

UNDER instructions from Government, the EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Presidency, is prepared to receive TENDERS upto 1 P.M. (Gun-fire), on the 18th December, 1894, for certain PLOTS OF LAND on the Esplanade Estate, TO BE LET on BUILDING LEASES, on Terms and Conditions which may be ascertained at his Office.

S. REBSCH, A.M.I.C.E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.

November 5, 1894.

FOR SALE.

THE following MACHINES, in Complete Working Order, are FOR SALE, at Hyderabad, and may be seen on Application to the MANAGER of the Hyderabad (Deccan) Spinning and Weaving Co., Ld., at the Mill premises.

Messrs. CURTIS & SONS'

1 Double Beater Scutcher, 48" wide.
1 Single Beater Scutcher, 48" wide.
2 Drawing Frames of 3 heads and 5 deliveries each.
1 Slubbing Frame of 68 spindles, 10" lift.

Messrs. HETHERINGTON & SONS'

12 Roller and Clearer Carding Engines, 48" wide.
2 Twist Mules of 612 Spindles each, 1 3-8" Gauge.

Messrs. WILLIAM & SMITH'S

2 Winding Frames of 200 Spindles each.
3 Beaming Frames of 501 dents each.

For the Hyderabad (Deccan) Spg. and Wng. Co., Ld.,

J. S. KEAY,
Secy., Treasurer and Agent.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

AUCTION SALE.

A SALE by Public Auction, commencing at 8 A.M., on MONDAY, the 17th December, 1894, will be held at the General Stores, Hubli, of a large quantity of Surplus and other Unserviceable Stores, consisting of Timber, Tools, Hardware, Rails, Trollies, Trolly Wheels, Steel and Wooden Sleepers, Office Furniture, Wheel Barrows, Country Carts, W. I. Tanks, Empty Casks and Iron Drums and Tins, Steel and Wrought Iron Scraps and other Articles.

(2). The Special Concessionary Rate of 1-5 pie per Maund per Mile will be allowed for the Carriage of Material purchased over the S.-M. Ry., for one month from the Date of Sale.

TERMS CASH.

H. WEIR,
Offg. Storekeeper.

Storekeepere's Office, Hubli, 1st December, 1894.

BANKS.

COMMERCIAL AND LAND MORTGAGE BANK (LIMITED).

HEAD OFFICE:—MADRAS.

BRANCHES:

BOMBAY and RAWALPINDI.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, RUPEES TEN LAKHS.
CAPITAL CALLED UP .....Rs. 10,00,000
ACCUMULATED RESERVES ...Rs. 6,99,635

BANKERS and AGENTS throughout INDIA, BURMA, CEYLON and in LONDON, EDINBURGH, DUBLIN.

FIXED DEPOSITS—12 months, 5 per cent.; 6 months, 4 per cent. per annum.

PRUDENTIAL FUND—Terms may be ascertained on application.

STERLING DEPOSITS—4 per cent. per annum on Money awaiting remittal.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—2 per cent. per annum on balances over Rs. 250 and not exceeding Rs. 10,000.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on Approved Security.

FIRE and LIFE INSURANCES arranged.

Every Description of Banking Business Transacted.

Full information and Rules furnished on application

(By order of the Board)

F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.

Bombay Office: Esplanade Road.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.
RESERVE FUND—£275,000.

HEAD OFFICE:

HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

INTEREST ALLOWED

On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances up to Rs. 1,00,000.

On FIXED DEPOSITS for

12 months at 4½ per cent. per annum.

All Letters should be addressed, and Remittances made Payable to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CH

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Name	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Div'd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	Rs. 500	Rs. all	Rs. 10 pr. ct.	Rs. 1,312½
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,250
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,135
Commercial & Ld. Mge	5,000	100	100	10 p.c.	165
	2,000	100	75		120
	3,000	100	10		60
			50		100
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	108,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	60 nl
Chartr'd Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£20
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	$125	all	£1	29
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12½	6 pr. ct.	250
PRESS COMPANIES.					
				Yearly	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,375
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	450
Albert (Karrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	90	1,065
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Nil	235
Bhowanagger City Press & Manfg Co. Ld	2550	250	250	45	315
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	15	137½
Breul's Cawnpore Press Co., Ld	500	200	200	14	185
Broach City Press Co., Ld	600	200	200	12	185
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	20	320
East India	350	1,000	1,000	125	1,250
English Press and Manfg	400	200	...	20	102½
Fort	150	8,500	500	80	1,175
French	300	500	500	25	405
Harvey and Sabapathy	450	450	500	30	420
Hingoli Press Co., Ld	700	100	100	12	115
Khangaum	240	450	450	30	400xd
Mahuva Press Co., Ld	200	200	all	15 pr. ct.	247½
Mahadapura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld	300	500	500	53	120
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	10	95
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	Nil	377½
Munmar M	1,000	250	all	15	215xd
New Berar	11,200	500	500	25	510
New Indian	4,000	125	125	11½	125
Prince of Wales	100	500	500	25	440
Sabapathy (Bellary)	500	500	75	20	480
Sassoon	300	500	500	20	585
Sind and Punjab Co	100	1,000	1,000	200	2,100
Sind	400	2,000	750	50	530
Sorab Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	Nil	55
Surat City Press Co., Ld	375	200	all	16	200
Vkart	...	1,000	100	12	200
				90	1,110
SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.					
				Half yearly	
Alliance	1,500	1,000	all	30	645
Anglo-Indian	1,345	100	100	Nil	43
Bellary S & W Co., Ld. (Bellary)	871	500	all	9 per ct.	385
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	20	730
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co	900	500	500	20	390
Bombay Nat. Manfg. Co, Ld	500	1,000	1,000	...	150
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	235
Central India	1,000	...	500	60	1,480
China Mills Co Ld	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	505
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	25	870
Coimbatore S and W	1,000	100	100	...	110
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	25	615
Colaba Land & Mills	4,000	700	...	20	625
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	25	575
David Mill	1,400	500	500	15	405
Dhan Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	990
Empress	2,100	500	500	25	500
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Nil	395
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	45	720
Hinguphan Mills	700	500	500	40	660
Howard and Bullough	1,500	500	500	25	575
Hydershad	700	1,000	1,000	35	1,000
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	15	400
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	50	1,295
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	25	570
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil	365
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	7½	160
Jewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	35	1,010
Jubilee Mills	600	1,000	1,000	20	200
Khandeish	750	1,500	1,000	Nil	630
Khangaum Manfg. Co	400	250	250	Nil	825
Khatao Macknjee	1,000	1,030	1,000	40	765
Leopold	3,500	100	103	10	174
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	15	750
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	32	982½
Madras United	356	1,000	1,000	100	2,850
Mahalaxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	325
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	3,400	500	500	15 pr ct	153½
Manockjee M Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	50	1,830
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	Nil	160
Morarji Gocul-das Sons & Co	1,050	1,000	1,000	60	2,010
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co	4,500	100	100	...	...
Madura Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil	par
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	95
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs 20	480
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Nil	485
Presidency Mills Co (Ld)	743	1,000	1,000	40	1,340
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	690
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	30	1,000
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	50	1,335xd
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	...	1,535
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	35	695
Southern India	1,000	500	500	15	165
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	10	390
Sun Mills, Ld	1,300	250	250	12½	250
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	210
Swadeshi Mills	475	500	500	15	612½
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co	900	1,000	1,000	50	550
Venishunker Lukhmishunker C Mill Co, Ld	900	500	900	15	500
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	Nil	87½
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	40	720
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	...	295
Union Mills Ld	900	1,000	1,000	...	500
RAILWAY COMPANIES.					
				guar.	
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	...	£100	all	5 p. c.	246
B. B. & C. I. R.	...	£ 18	...	do.	
MISCELLANEOUS.					
				Yearly	
Alcock Ashdown	£1,750	100	100	1½ 7½	250
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	12	40
Badham Pile	5,000	100	100	10	120
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	300	5,275
Do. New Issue.	500	375	625	75	1,350
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld	1,250	100	100	3	70
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld	400	500	500	3 pr. ct.	630
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	50	1,550
Deccan Ice Co. in Liquidation	1,170	100	100	Nil	5nl
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000		500	5 pr. ct.	250
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	20	280
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co. Ld	2,800	250	250	7½ pr. ct.	300
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	17
John Roberts & Co	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	140
Kamp & Co	4,000	200	175	21	320
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	180
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co	3,500	100	100	Nil	10n
Marcks & Co., Ld	4,000	100	100	10	129
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	50
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	...	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	10 pr. ct.	175
Phillips & Co., Ld	4,000	100	100	7	98
Port Canning Co	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	435
Prince of Wales Fire In	250	8,000	1,000	No dvd.	2,350
Soundy & Co	1,000	100	100	9	60
Treacher & Co	2,000	500	25	60	1,010
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	Nil	80
Telephone Co	2,200	25	160	1	25

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English gold	Rs.	29-2	
Gold Leaf	"	28-10	Nominal.
Pekin, Bar Gold, old	"	28-9	"
Do. do. new	"	28-6	"
Australia bar Gold	"	28-11	
Bombay bar Gold	"	28-10	
Sovereigns	"	18-4	
Do. Dragons	"	18-3	
Silver 7	"	93	
Do. 17½	"	93-4	
Carolus	"	286-8	
Mexican	"	196-8	
Five-Franc Pieces	"	300-8	

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

University Examination Results.
Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
Chamber of Commerce, Election of Chairman, 10 a.m. to 6 p. m.
Music at the Yacht Club, 5-30 p.m.
Music on the Esplanade, 5-30 p.m.
Variety Entertainment by the City Police Dramatic Club, Gaiety Theatre, 9 p.m.
Concert, Seamen's Rest, 8-30 p.m.
Professor Howard's Lectures on the "Art of Reckoning," Tent, Bori Bunder, 4-30 and 8 p.m.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamer King Arthur entered the dock on Saturday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamer Bormida left the dock on Saturday.

DANCE AT THE YACHT CLUB.—There will be a dance at the Royal Yacht Club on Thursday, the 13th instant, instead of Monday, the 17th.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Natal, Delagoa Bay, Mauritius, and Cape Colony, *via* Tuticorin and Colombo, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 7 p.m., to-morrow, the 11th instant.

THEFT AT WITHALWADY.—Radha, a woman, aged about seventy-six years, residing alone in a house at Withalwady, has reported to the police that, during her absence from home, on Thursday, her residence was entered, and ornaments, of the collective value of Rs. 262, stolen from her box.

PROFESSOR VAN TASSELL.—Professor P. A. Van Tassell made a successful balloon ascent and parachute jump at 8 a.m., yesterday morning, at Kolhapur, from the grounds of the Maharaja's palace. Many native princes besides his Highness the Maharaja and some twenty thousand persons assembled to witness the feat. The veteran æronaut was welcomed back to *terra firma* amidst a scene of great enthusiasm.

ACCIDENT TO A PEDESTRIAN.—Haji Latiff, a Mahomedan, aged fifty-five years, residing at Old Nagpada, was, on Friday, walking along Falkland Road, when he accidentally knocked against a passer-by, and fell on the road. A tram-car came up from the opposite direction, and before it could be pulled up, one of the wheels passed on the man's right leg, fracturing it. He was removed to the J. J. Hospital.

BAND AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—The Band of the B. V. Rifles will play the following programme, at 5-30, this evening :—

March .....Early in the Morning .....Faust
Overture .....Poet and Peasant .....Suppi
Valse .....Cordova .....Gomez
Gavotte.....Circus Renz .....Fliege
Potpourri .....Musical Illusions .....Schreiner
The Wacht Parede .....Eilenberg
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieutenant-Colonel Wetherall and the Officers the Band of the 22nd Bombay Infantry will perform the following programme, at the Royal Bombay Yacht Club, this evening, at 5-30 o'clock :—

March.....Priest's War March (from Athalie).Mendelssohn.
Overture ...Toreador .....Adam.
Valse .....Christmas Roses.....Waldteufel.
Selection.....Il Barbiere .....Rossini.
Song.....Thoughts and Tears.....Temple.
Galop.....The Noisy Johnnie .....Pritchard.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

The String Band of the Marine Battalion will play the following programme of music during and after dinner at the Royal Bombay Yacht Club, this evening :—

March.....Gigerl.....Wagner.
Overture .....The Calif of Bagdad..Boieldieu.
Fantasia.....Carnivalia .....Williams.
Scherzo .....Sylvia.....Thiere.
Valse .....Casino Tanze .....Gung'l.
PART II.
Dance .....The Darky's Dream..Lansing.
Overture .....Le Chevalier Briton..Herman.
Valse .....Jeunesse Doree.....Waldteufel.
Fantasia.....A Travers l'Afrique...Kling.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

BAI SAKERBAI DINSHAW PETIT HOSPITAL.—On the first of November last, there were 121 bullocks, 35 horses, and 12 dogs at the Bai Sakarbai Dinshaw Petit Hospital for Animals at Parel. During the month of November 64 bullocks, 34 horses, and 19 dogs were admitted, and during the same month 89 bullocks, 38 horses, and 8 dogs were discharged from the Hospital. 4 cases among bullocks, 6 among horses, and 12 among dogs proved fatal during the past month. The following animals were treated as out-patients during the month :—8 horses, 5 bullocks, 23 dogs, 1 She-goat, 1 deer, 2 parrots, and 1 cockatoo.

PARSEE CHARITIES.—At the third-day's funeral obsequies of Bai Dosibai, widow of Mr. Gursetji Nusservanji Chenoy and sister of Mr. Shapurji Eduji Chenoy, solemnized at Secunderabad, on the 6th inst., a sum of Rs. 22,000 was subscribed out of the funds left by the deceased lady, and supplemented by her near relatives and friends, to be given to various charitable and religious institutions. Of this a sum of Rs. 8,000 is to be spent on building a hall in the Vicajee's firetemple, and Rs. 6,000 to be added to Bai Mithibai's Hall Fund. Rs. 3,000 to be expended for certain religious ceremonies for one year after Bai Dosibai's demise, and the remainder to be given to other benefactions.

TRODDEN DOWN BY A MAHOMEDAN CROWD.—Mr. Allan F. Turner, the coroner, held an inquest, on Saturday, at Kasai Wady, on the Mahim Bazar Road, on view of the body of Haji Yacoob Haji Cassim, aged sixty years, a carpenter, residing at Alli Oomer Street. For some time past deceased had been subject to a cough and difficulty of breathing. On Friday Yacoob went to Kasai Wady, Mahim, where a dinner was to be given to a number of Mahomedans by Sirdar Diler Jung Abdul Huq. An immense concourse of Mahomedans collected at the western gate of the Wady, and the deceased was one amongst them. As soon as the gate was opened, the crowd made a rush to get in, when the deceased fell down, and was trampled over by a number of people following. When picked up Yacoob was found to be dead. The jury returned a verdict that the death of the deceased was caused by his having been trampled on by a crowd of people, while rushing through the gate into the Kasai Wady.

OBITUARY.—A sad instance of the early severing of sweet domestic ties by the hand of death occurred at Byculla, on Friday, when Mrs. Barrell, wife of the Rev. H. E. Barrell, pastor of the Baptist Church, Bellasis Road, passed away, at the age of 27, leaving behind her an infant, only a few days old. Great sympathy is expressed on all hands for Mr. Barrell, whose wife came to Bombay from Lincolnshire to marry only a little more than twelve months ago. By her kindness and sweetness of disposition, Mrs. Barrell had in this short time endeared herself to all with whom she came in contact. The funeral took place on Saturday morning, and was attended by a very large number of friends. A preliminary service having been conducted in the church by the Rev. Dr. Alexander, the funeral cortege proceeded to the Sewree cemetery, where the Rev. A. E. Mortimer officiated at the last sad rites of burial. A number of wreaths and other floral tributes to the memory of deceased were placed upon the coffin. There was a large congregation at the church on Sunday evening when the Rev. Dr. Alexander preached a very appropriate sermon.

ABSTRACTING CURRENCY NOTES.—At the Esplanade Police Court, on Saturday last, one Arjoon Bulvanta, a reputed thief, having a record of three previous convictions, was charged at the instance of Inspector Stanford, before Mr. Sanders-Slater, acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, with committing theft in respect of two bundles of currency notes, each containing ten five-rupee notes, from the waist-coat pocket of one Poonumchund Jassaji, a dealer in twist. At 10 o'clock, on Friday morning, as complainant was going along Mombadavie Tank Road, accused who was accompanied by two other persons, knocked up against him, put his hand into his pocket, and pulled out the bundles. Complainant caught hold of the accused by his hands, but the latter succeeded in escaping with one of the bundles. Complainant gave chase, calling out "thief, thief," and some townspeople arrested the accused, and handed him over to the police. The case was adjourned till to-morrow, to enable the police to arrest the men who were in company with the accused.

SALE OF WORK AT ST. GEORGE'S HOSPITAL.—Thanks to the disinterested zeal and assiduity of the ladies in charge of the stalls, the sale of work at the St. George's Hospital, which was opened on Thursday and continued on Friday, and Saturday last, was attended with results which, considering all the circumstances, were as encouraging as could have been anticipated. Thanks are due also to Dr. Arnott, the physician in charge of the hospital, for allowing the sale to be held there. It was held in aid of the funds of the All Saints community and its work in Bombay, and the aid was specially required, as the Sisters who are working here may shortly be deprived of the pecuniary assistance from the Home community, to which they have hitherto looked for support. The Sisters have been working nobly in the way of education in our high schools and nursing in the hospitals; and it would be strange if their generous work was not appreciated amongst us. The charitably-disposed ladies who managed the stalls were Mrs. Goldwyer Lewis, Misses Empson and Thompson, Mrs. Dimmock, Mrs. Deane, Mrs. De Coetlogon, Mrs. Crommelin, Mrs. Douglas, Mrs. Slater, Mrs. Oliver, Mrs. Bowen, and Mrs. Maconochie.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH.—An inquiry was held yesterday by Mr. Turner, the coroner, at the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, regarding the death of Poolail Natifoola, a ship's labourer, aged twenty-five years, residing at Peeroo Lane, Bhendy Bazaar. About half-past 6 o'clock, on the morning of the 23rd ultimo, deceased and a number of other labourers were at work on board the steamer Lorenz, then lying in the Prince's Dock, putting some slings on some rails to hoist them up to No. 4 hold. The deceased lifted up the one end of a rail and was putting a wooden block under it in order to place the sling round the rail, when the block tilted, and the rail fell on the left foot of the deceased, causing a compound dislocation of the left ankle joint. Poolail was conveyed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, where he was detained under treatment, but he refused amputation. On the 4th instant tetanus supervened, and he died about midday on Saturday. A verdict of death from tetanus was recorded.

A DISHONEST EMPLOYE OF MESSRS. TREACHER AND COMPANY.—At the Mazagon Police Court, on Saturday, Atmaram Sonajee, a servant, in the employ of Messrs. Treacher and Company, Byculla, was charged at the instance of Inspector Framji Bhicaji, of the Criminal Investigation Department, before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, with criminal breach of trust as a servant in respect of five dozen sodawater bottles, valued at Rs. 16. In consequence of several complaints having been received, complainant asked the detective police to keep special men to watch their employes, who were entrusted with bottles of sodawater, &c., to supply to customers. On Thursday, about 4 p.m., accused was entrusted with a cart, containing sixty dozen bottles of sodawater, &c., to take to Mazagon. On reaching Church Street, Mazagon, accused was seen taking out of the cart three dozen of the sodawater bottles and a small box containing two dozen bottles, by a peon in the detective branch, who was watching his movements. Accused pleading guilty to the charge, was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

ABUSING A POLICE INSPECTOR.—Patrick Sullen, an employe in the G. I. P. Railway, Goods Department, was charged at the instance of Inspector Good, before Mr. E. Wilkin, acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, with being drunk and disorderly, near the Fitzgerald Hotel, about 2 o'clock, on the morning of the 19th ultimo. Accused was bailed out to appear in court on the forenoon of the same day, but as he did not answer to the bail, he was now brought up before the magistrate. Inspector Good stated that, after Mr. Bath had been locked up at the Mazagon police station, accused came up to him, and tried to persuade him to release Mr. Bath from the chowkey. On his refusing to do so, accused commenced shouting out, and having seized the inspector by the coat, behaved in a most disorderly manner. Mr. Good led him to Sankli Street, and advised him to go home, but accused persisting in his behaviour, the inspector arrested him, and locked him up. Inspector Grey subsequently bailed him out to appear in court. Witnesses for the prosecution having been examined, accused denied the truth of the complaint, but admitted having had a couple of pegs, and called two witnesses (Samuel Parkington and Henry Jones) on his behalf. Mr. Parkington said that he saw no one drunk. Everything happened after he had left the place for home. The magistrate convicted the accused, and fined him Rs. 5, or on default to be rigorously imprisoned for three days.

THE LIBRARY PEON AND THE DRS. UNDERWOOD.—Mr. J. Sanders-Slater, acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, on Saturday resumed the hearing of the charge of assault preferred by Bhow Ramji Patkar, a library peon, in the employ of Messrs. Vincent and Company, against Dr. Charles and Edward Underwood, and the counter-charge of assault and criminal trespass preferred by the two medical gentlemen against the peon. Mr. Furdoonji Sorabji Jehanghir, barrister-at-law, appeared for the peon while Mr. De Souza, pleader, represented the doctors. The facts of the case have already been reported. The evidence of both the doctors, Mr. Hewett and Mr. Syed Mahomed Affendi, having been recorded on behalf of the doctors, Mr. Furdoonji addressed the court. He said that it was ridiculous to think that his client, a mere ghatee of about thirteen or fourteen years of age, would have dared to assault the two doctors in their own place. Besides the physical incapacity of his client to assault them, the counsel drew the attention of the court to the fact that all Europeans were considered by the people in the condition of his client, to be their mortal terrors, and it was quite improbable that his client would have raised his hands against the doctors. With regard to the witnesses, the counsel submitted, his client had to labour under great disadvantages, as he went alone into the doctor's place, and immediately after the assault he went and informed his master about it. The peon's version was that immediately after the first knock, the doctor went and opened the door, thinking that it was one of his patients, but finding that it was only a peon, he flew into a raze, and assaulted the man. The evidence of the peon and his witnesses Augustine Pereira and Dr. Sukhia, having been recorded, the magistrate fined the peon Rs. 15, and dismissed the charge against the doctors.

MR. PESTONJEE M. CHICHGUR.—Mr. Pestonjee M. Chichgur has just returned from a period of study and experience in the workshops of Messrs. Howard and Bullough, and also of Messrs. Taylor, Lang and Co., finishing a course to complete a previous training in Indian mills. We cannot too strongly commend this procedure to those who can afford it, for nothing is so likely to benefit a prospective manager or agent as the contrast of the Indian and English systems of mill management, at an age when the observer can utilise the experience. The time is coming, when an Indian training alone will be the best preparation for the direction of Indian mills, but at present he who would see through and beyond the defects of the present local system must, so to speak, train his vision in Europe. Mr. Pestonjee is the eldest son of Mr. Hormusjee M. Chichgar, of the well-known firm of Messrs. Nanu and Hormusjee, solicitors, Bombay.—*Indian Textile Journal.*

BOMBAY SAILING ASSOCIATION.

THE Bombay Sailing Association opened their racing season on Saturday afternoon when two events were brought off. All the boats started in a bunch in a very light w. n. westerly wind—the Jauetta soon shored out on rounding the buoy with Isca in close company. The Gascheck being becalmed, owing to getting to leeward of the bigger boats, lost her way, and was fouled by the spinnicker boom of the Dove. The Gascheck's main sail was torn, and she was disabled from running in the race. The day was a disappointing one owing to the fickleness of the wind. The course sailed was No. 5 thrice round for yachts and only twice round for ship's boats. The Dove gave up the race before entering in the third round. There was no second prize for ship's boats owing to there being only two competitors.

The following are the handicap allowances and results of both the races sailed at 4 p.m.:—

	Senta	Janetta	Isca	Dove	Princess	Gascheck	First Round.	Second Round.	Third Round. Finish.
	M.	M.	M.	M.	M.	M.	H. M. S.	H. M. S.	H. M. S.
Melody	3	4	5	7	9	17	4 32 20	5 5 10	5 33 30
Senta		1	2	4	6	14	4 26 10	5 16 40	5 49 10
Janetta			1	3	5	13	4 30 40	... 5 ... 40	5 29 30
*Isca				2	4	11	4 30 55	5 2 ..	5 30 15
Dove					2	9	4 42 20	5 24 5	gave up
Princess						7	4 39 50	5 20 50	5 52 15
Gascheck							Met with an accident.		
								2nd Rd's Finish.	
*Plassey's Cutter							4 38 30	5 23 50	
Umballa's Gig Florence							4 41 55	5 27 20	

* 1st Prize † 2nd Prize.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

THE following is the parade state of Saturday last :—

Distribution.	Field Officers.	Captains.	Lieuts.	Staff Sergeants	Sergeants	Buglers.	Rank and File.	Total.
A Company	...	1	...	1	3	...	21	26
B "	1	1	2	...	3	...	20	27
C "	...	1	...	...	3	...	16	18
D "	...	1	...	1	5	...	15	22
E "	...	...	2	1	3	...	28	34
F "	...	1	...	...	3	...	27	32
G "	1	1	...	...	3	...	25	30
H "	...	...	1	...	1	2	23	28
I "	...	...	...	...	1	...	30	31
K "	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	17
L " Cadets.	...	...	...	...	1	...	6	7
Army Staff	...	1	...	2	...	...	5	8
Staff and Band	...	...	...	...	1	...	29	30
Total	2	7	6	5	25	2	291	398

The following Officers were on parade, *viz.* :—Majors R. S. Brown and H. A. Aoworth ; Capts. C. Moes, (Adjutant), J. P. Baird, E. F. Nicholson, F. Place, J. W. Smith, Lord Colin Campbell, and S. Tomlinson ; Lieuts. T. M. English, F. W. English, D. J. Sharp, H. R. H. Wilkinson, and R. G. Snell ; 2nd Lieut. H. C. Roe.

ALLEGED SEVERE ASSAULT ON A LAW-STUDENT.

BEFORE Mr. E. Wilkin, acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, on Saturday, the charge of assault and voluntarily causing hurt, preferred by Mr. Bezonji Sorabji Bezonji Vakil, a law-student, against Mr. Burjorji Cursetji Batliwalla, was to come on for hearing. Mr. DeSouza appeared for complainant while Mr. Velinker defended. Complainant was brought in court, supported by two persons, while defendant failed to put in an appearance. Complainant, in his information, stated that he resided at Girgaum Road. On Sunday, the 18th ultimo, at 7 p.m., while on his way home from the Warden Road Seaface, near the Mahaluxmee Battery, in company with his brother, Jal Sorabji, and Mr. J. B. Bilmoria, where he had gone for an evening walk. Burjorji Cursetji Batliwall whom the complainant did not know and who was sitting on a bench, cracked an insulting joke at them. On complainant's brother remonstrating with him for his misconduct, Burjorji abused him, and jumping off the bench, went up to him and frowningly gave him a push, and raised a heavy stick, that was in his hand to strike him. Complainant and several other gentlemen intervened, and rescued his brother. Burjorji then intimidated them, and fell upon complainant, dealing him with the stick so violent a blow that it caused a contused wound on the right side of the forehead and an abrasion on the right shoulder. Complainant bled profusely from the wound on the head, and was well nigh fainting, but some gentlemen interfered, and he was rescued. Policeman No. 48 was sent for, and on his arrival defendant gave his name and address. Complainant was then advised by Inspector Barnett to take proceedings, if he wished, against defendant in a court of law.

Mr. DeSouza now applied that the case should have precedence over other charges on the ground that his client, who was a young man, was suffering from the effect of the wounds on the forehead, and if he remained in court, exposed to wind, his life might be endangered.

The magistrate remarked that there were number of charges to be disposed of and it was impossible to first hear Mr. DeSouza's case, which stood at the bottom of the list. Under the circumstances it was advisable to adjourn the case, and take the wounded man home. His Worship did not think that there was any special ground to hear his case first.

Mr. DeSouza objected to the case being adjourned, stating that such an order would entail great hardship on complainant and his witnesses, who had to come to the court, to their great personal sacrifice—one of them having come from Matheran. The pleader urged that if the magistrate had no time to give immediate attention to this case, it might be transferred to Mr. Dastur's, or Mr. Hamilton's court, for immediate disposal.

Mr. Velinker, for the defendant, objected to the application, stating that he could see no special reasons to depart from the usual practice of this court. The charge should not go right over the head of other cases, and if Mr. DeSouza's application was granted, he would move for an adjournment of the case on some other grounds.

Mr. DeSouza said that his client had been very seriously injured, within the ace of his life, and the sooner the case was decided the better for him.

The magistrate remarked that any immediate penalty inflicted on the defendant would not save the life of Mr. DeSouza's client.

Mr. DeSouza said that he did not make his application from any vindictive motive. His object was to get rid of the case as soon as possible, and so not to put his client to the trouble of coming to the court again.

His Worship said that he was willing to fix the case peremptorily to another date.

Mr. DeSouza said that, as defendant did not put in an appearance, he was instructed to apply for a warrant to compel his attendance.

The Magistrate : You cannot apply for a warrant as the case is not called on.

Mr. Velinker said that if the court had decided to call on the case he would have applied for an adjournment on the ground that his client was laid up with choleraic diarrhœa, and that he was advised by the doctor not to leave his bed.

The case was ultimately adjourned till to-morrow.

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION RESULTS.

L. C. E. EXAMINATION.

THE result of the examination for the Degree of Licentiate of Civil Engineering was declared, on Saturday afternoon, at the University. Out of the eighteen candidates, who had submitted themselves for this examination, sixteen were declared successful : two in the first class, eleven in the second class, and three in the pass class. The Jamshedjee Dorabji Naigaumwalla Prize of Rs. 120 has been awarded to Mr. Anthony Nazareth, a successful candidate in the first class. The Merwanji Framji Panday Scholarship of Rs. 20 per month has been secured by Mr. Krishnaji Narayen Patvardhan, one of the successful candidates in the second class. The James Berkley Gold Medal, of the value of Rs. 250 has been given to Mr. Vishnu Narayen Vartak. The following are the names of the successful candidates :—

First Class (according to order of merit).—Vishnu Narayen Vartak, and Anthony Nazareth.

Second Class (according to order of merit).—Annaswamy T. Setlur, Krishnaji Narayan Patvardhan, Srinivasa Raghavachar Tumkur, Vishram Karsanji Mamtora, Frederic Nissen, Joseph Samson David Vaz Mathias Antonio Ligorio D'Santos, Rama Rao Nagalamadike, Bangalor Chakravarti Srinivas Iyengar, Puttuswamiah Anikar, and Popat Ambashankar Mankad.

Pass Class—Ardesar Kavasji Dalachanji, B. Nunjundaradhyar, and Kharshedji Nasarvanji Surveyor.

M. A. EXAMINATION.

The result of the examination for the Degree of Master of Arts was also declared, on Saturday, at the University. Of the twenty-one candidates, who had submitted themselves for this examination, nine in Languages, three in History and Philosophy, six in Mathematics, and three in Physics and Chemistry, ten were declared successful. Out of the nine candidates, who had been examined in Languages, four passed.

Two of the three candidates examined in History and Philosophy were declared successful. Four of the six candidates who had chosen Mathematics as their subject were similarly fortunate. Not one of the three candidates examined in Physics and Chemistry could stand the examiner's tests. The Jamshedji Nesserwanji Petit Zend Scholarship of Rs. 200, tenable for one year, and payable half-yearly, has been awarded to Mr. Pestonji Kuvarji Motivala, a candidate in Languages. The Kashinath Trimbuk Telang gold medal and prize of the value of Rs. 228 has been secured by Mr. Govind Chimnaji Bhate, a candidate in History and Philosophy. The following are the names of the successful candidates :—

Second Class.—Rustom D. N. Wadia (Persian), Govind Chimnaji Bhate (History and Philosophy), and Pestanji Sorabji Patuck (Mathematics).

Pass Class.—Jehangir . Bhikaji Motivala (Persian), Pestanji Kuvarji Motivala (Zend), Lilchand Chuharmal Panjabi (Persian), Jivanji Hormasji Chahevala (History and Philosophy), Vishnu Balvant Gokhale (Mathematics), Bhasker Vithoba Jadhav, (Mathematics), and Sorabji Nasarvanji Koyaji (Mathematics).

FROM their address to the Viceroy, writes the *Civil and Military Gazette* it would seem that the Delhi Municipality are determined to lose nothing that can be had by asking. There are people, municipalities even, who would have hesitated, in the present state of the Imperial coffers to ask the Government to enter on so big an undertaking as the diversion of a river in the hope that it might lead to a diminution of the fever in its neighbourhood. It can only be a hope, for there is no certainty that the Jumna's desertion of its old main channel is the cause of the fever with which Delhi has recently been afflicted, and none that the ticklish operation of bringing it back to the palace walls, and keeping it there, would appreciably lessen it. The old main channel is a considerable way from the city : much further than the Ravi formerly was from Lahore, and we never heard it suggested that the fever, which is no less the scourge of Lahore than it is of Delhi was due to the

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H. E. the VICEROY & GOVERNOR-GENL. of INDIA; GENERAL LORD ROBERTS; H. E. LORD WENLOCK, Governor of Madras.

THE term Optician has long been so recklessly misapplied that the meaning of it has become obscure: probably nine persons out of ten would define it as a spectacle-seller. In Europe the duty of the Optician is limited more strictly than it is in India, to merely giving mechanical effect to the Oculist's definitions, but out here it is essential that he should possess at least sufficient technical knowledge to enable him to define and correct the ordinary forms of ametropia himself. To keep an assortment of Spectacles, more or less tastefully arranged, for the customer to try on and select from, like a pair of boots, is obviously unscientific: most people prefer to be measured even for boots, and how much more delicate a matter is the Eye.

At our Reception Rooms in the three Presidency towns perfect arrangements have been made for Testing the Sight, and we endeavour to visit the chief mofussil stations periodically for the same purpose. In the intervals the best advice we can offer to persons at a distance is to get a proper definition from a qualified medical man in case of need rather than select glass themselves haphazard. We can then prepare Spectacles that will correct any defects arising out of removeable conditions of the refraction.

CALCUTTA, MADRAS, BOMBAY, LONDON.

Price List free on application.

DR. N. H. GHEESTA

AND

H. P. SMITH, D. D. S.,

American Dentists,

No. 65-67, ESPLANADE ROAD.

TEETH WITHOUT PLATES.

BY means of the Gold Bridge system we now insert Artificial Teeth without Plates, which take up no more room in the Mouth than natural Teeth, and are thoroughly Reliable and Serviceable.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND FEBRIFUGE.

SULPHATE of Quinine and Febrifuge manufactured by the Madras Government can be obtained on Pre-payment in one, half and quarter pound tins, from the *Director of the Government Gardens, Ootacamund*, at the following rates per pound:—

	QUININE.	FEBRIFUGE.
Medical Depots	Rs. 14	Rs. 10
Government Officers	„ 16	„ 10
The Public	„ 16	„ 12

If the Quinine or Febrifuge is sent by Post, the following extra charges will be made:—One pound tin, 12 annas; half pound tin, 8 annas; quarter pound tin, 4 annas.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, DEC. 8.

THE Indian Council allotted 2 lakhs of extra Bills on Bombay, and 8 lakhs on Calcutta yesterday, at 1s. 1d., which shows an advance of 3-32d. on Wednesday's regular allotment price and of 1-32d. on the rate obtained meantime for extra Bills. The Exchange Banks' buying rate on India at 30 days' sight, however, remained at 1s. 0⅞d.

The English and French Funds were unchanged yesterday. Indian Sterling Loan in London was ¼ per cent. lower, at 112¾ ex-div. The market rate of Discount on short London Bills was reduced by 1/8 per cent. making it 7/8 per cent.; but that on six months' sight Indian Bank Paper was unchanged, at 1¼ per cent. 3¼ per cent. Rupee Securities were 5-16 per cent. higher, at £55⅞. Bar Silver was unchanged in value, at 28 1/8d. per oz.; and, in New York, also, the metal was unaltered, at 61¼ cents per oz.; but with demand Exchange ¼ cent higher, at 4·88¼ dollars. The weekly shipments of Specie to India were £100,000 in Silver to Bombay, and £30,000 of the same metal to Calcutta.

The Goat Skin Sales closed in London yesterday with a firm feeling, but with common qualities ½d. to 1d. per lb. lower. The total quantity sold is 830,000 Skins, out of the 1,100,000 offered. The Sheep Skin Sales opened yesterday with a firm feeling.

To-day, the London Stock Exchange quotations usually wired by Reuter are unchanged. £125,000 in Gold has been withdrawn from the Bank of England. The price of Bar Silver has advanced 1-16d. to 28 3-16d. per oz.; and in New York, the metal is 1/8 cent dearer, at 61⅜ cents per oz., with demand Exchange on London unaltered. The Exchange Banks' buying rate on India has been put up 1-16d. and is now 1s. 0 13-16d. The price of spot Mid.-American Cotton in Liverpool advanced yesterday 1-16d. per lb., say to 3 5-32d., and Arrivals were 1-32d. higher, the extreme quotations being 3 1-16d. for December-February deliveries, and 3 1-8d. for April-May. The market closed steady; Surat steady; and Arrivals quiet; the day's Sales having aggregated 8,000 bales, inclusive of 100 East Indians. The day's Imports were 4,000 bales. The Manchester Market was quiet but steady.

To-day, however, 1-32d. of yesterday's advance in the price of ready American Cotton in Liverpool has been lost; and Arrivals have receded to the same extent, in all positions. The market closed quiet, all round; Sales 6,000 bales; Imports 18,000 bales. The Manchester Market closed quiet but steady.

The total sales of Cotton in Liverpool for the week ending yesterday were 4,000 bales less than in the week preceding, at 54,000 bales; but the amount forwarded to consumers was the same, at 65,000 bales. The Imports were 30,000 bales less, at 123,000 bales. The total Stock was 895,000 bales, shewing an increase of 45,000 bales in the week.

In New York yesterday, the price of ready Mid.-Uplands remained at 5⅜ cents per lb.; but Futures for March were 7 points lower, at 5·68 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 76,000 bales; and the total figures for this season to date now give the following comparison with those of the two preceding years for the same time:—

	1894.	1893.	1892.
Friday's Receipts	76,000	58,000	44,000
Week's do.	352,000	313,000	256,000
Since 1st Sept.	4,029,000	3,265,000	2,976,000

Cotton prices in New York are virtually unchanged to-day at 5⅜ cents for ready, and 5·69 cents for March Futures. The Receipts at the Ports are 47,000 bales, going against 44,000 bales last year, and 30,000 bales in 1892, on the corresponding day.

Business in our local Cotton market has been upon a small scale to-day, and prices are Re. 1 per candy lower, all round; but the feeling has been steady. Exporters have done nothing; and the Mills have bought only 750 bales, consisting of 150 ready new Bengal, at Rs. 136-59; 100 Khangaum, at Rs. 171; and 50 Pachora, at Rs. 152; and 200 old Compta, at Rs. 154; 100 each of Bhownuggur, at Rs. 165½; and 100 Nuggur, at Rs. 148; and 50 Anjari, at Rs. 150 per candy.

WHEAT is steady, but the amount of business passing is small again. Prices were all unchanged.

SEEDS have been taken to only a small extent to-day, in a steady market. The price of *Linseed* has declined half-an-anna per cwt., to Rs. 7-15-0 to Rs. 8-1-0 per candy; but all other quotations are unaltered.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	2,942 bales.
Wheat	3,254 cwts.
Linseed	1,898 „
Rapeseed	1,887 „
Gingelly	13,453 „
Groundnuts	4,051 „
Castorseed	4,185 „
Rice	16,143 „

FREIGHTS are quiet; but, as usual on a Saturday, no fresh business of importance has transpired.

EXCHANGE opened firm, at 1s. 0 31-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s. 1 3-32d. for three months' sight Credits for December delivery, 1s. 1 1/8d. for January, and 1s. 1 5-32d. later; and, from Calcutta, opening rates came much the same as those ruling here, but coming easier later on, and a moderate demand for Bank remittance also springing up, our rates receded 1-32d., all round, closing as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 0 31-32 to 15-16d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 0 15-16d.	„
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 1d.	„
Credits 3	„ 1s. 1 1-16d.	„
Francs 3	„ 1·37½	„

GOVERNMENT PAPER opened at 103 13-16 for cash and 103 9-16 for the January settlement, and remained thereat all day to the close, in a quiet but steady market.

SHARES.—There has been a good deal of movement in Cotton Mill and Press Scrip to-day, and we note an advance of Rs. 50 in Lord Reay Mill shares; of Rs. 35 in Star of India; of Rs. 25 in Hyderabad; of Rs. 20 each in Presidency and National; of Rs. 10 in Jamshed Manufacturing; of Rs. 7½ in Manockji Petit; of Rs. 5 in Coorla, and Soonderdas; and of Rs. 2½ each in Soonderdas, and Mazagon; while Britannia have declined Rs. 10; and Swadeshi, Rs. 2½. In Press shares, Albert of Kurrachee have declined Rs. 50; Fort, Rs. 15; East India, Rs. 10; Breul's Cawnpore, Rs. 7; and Volkarts, Rs. 5; while Colaba have advanced Rs. 7½; Harvey and Sabapathy, Rs. 10; and Hingoli, and Mofussil, Rs. 2½ each, at our revised quotations. Bank of Bombay shares are Rs. 2½ lower, at Rs. 1,312½ per share.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, DEC. 7.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed steady. Surats steady.

Good Dhollera..... 2 5-8

The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.

2½ per cent. Consols	102 7-8ex.
3 per cent. Rentes	102½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	112⅜ex.
3½ per cent. Rupee Paper	55⅜
Bar Silver	28 1-8

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

Total Week's Sales of Cotton	54,000	bales.
„ „ „ Surats	1,000	„
„ „ Imports of Cotton	123,000	„
„ „ „ Surats	Nil	„
Stock of Cotton	895,000	„
„ „ Surats	16,000	„

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, DEC. 7.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Forbes, from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, arrived here this afternoon.

COLOMBO, DEC. 9.

French mail steamer Sydney, arrived from China.

The German East Africa Line steamer Setas arrived at Zanzibar *via* Lamu and Mombassa on the 5th inst.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

SATURDAY NIGHT, DECEMBER 8.

10 p.m.	75·9

SUNDAY, DECEMBER 9.

6 a.m.	73·5
12 a.m.	81·5
2 p.m.	84·7
4 p.m.	82·6

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

DEATHS.

KANGA-DUSTUR—December 9, at Malabar Hill, Bombay, near Thoothee's Agiary, Bai Bymanbai, wife of Mr. Postonji Rustomji Kanga, and sister of Sirdar Khan Bahadur Dustur Hoshung Jamaspji and Dastur Bymanji Jamaspji, of Poona. Deeply regretted. The funeral will take place this (Monday) morning at 7 o'clock.

SEAFORD—December 3, at Station Hospital, Colaba, Bombay, Catherine Seaford, the loving wife of George Seaford, Sergeant-Major, Sanitarium, Mount Abu, and eldest daughter of Captain J. W. Lewis, Retired Deputy Commissary, M. W. D., and Mary Lewis.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CALLANAN—November 30, at Vellore, the wife of M Callanan, Forest Department, of a son.

CLEEVE—November 24, at Quetta, the wife of Major W F Cleeve, Royal Artillery, of a son.

FASSON—November 30, at Chaibassa, the wife of C Fasson, Bengal Police, of a son.

WILKINSON—December 5, at 46, Wellesley Street, Calcutta, the wife of Walter Emmet Wilkinson, (I G S N Co,) of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

MORRISON—FARRAR—November 28, at the Cathedral of St Mary of Angels, Madras, by the Rev Father Eyers, Military Chaplain, Sergeant Hugh Morrison, of the Madras Commissarial-Transport Department, to Margaret, relict of Sub-Conductor Farrar.

DEATHS.

DERING—December 2, at Rawal Pindi, Lieutenant-Colonel E W W Dering, Commanding 2nd K O S Borderers, aged 46 years.

HENNESSY—December 1, at Mian Mir, Noel Herbert Granville (Footoo), the very dearly loved infant son of Lieutenant J P C Hennessy, Indian Staff Corps, aged 11 months.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1894.

Two Government resolutions dealing with educational topics have been issued from Bombay Castle during the past week. One of these reviews the annual report of the Director of Public Instruction, and the other relates to the questions raised by Mr. Setalvad's memorandum concerning free studentships and scholarships. The latter document, although dealing only with a particular aspect of the educational question, is far more interesting reading than the former, which is little else than a mere collection of dull statistics, from which deductions or recommendations are drawn very charily. The resolutions based on the reports of the Director of Public Instruction in other provinces—notably in Madras and Bengal—compare very favourably in this respect to the mass of dry bones with which in this Presidency we have had to remain content for several years past. The continued lack of any effort to make the local report and resolution thereon something more than mere statistical compilations, is the more to be regretted since one of the very few mediums—in fact, the only English medium—set apart for the discussion of educational topics concerning the Presidency has been arbitrarily stopped, without rhyme or reason, at least so far as the outside public can judge. The closing of the *Record* has not occasioned so much public comment as the closing of the Empire, but we are able to assert from personal knowledge of the views of many who are engaged in educational work, that a great deal of quiet curiosity exists as to the reasons which have led the Director of Public Instruction to order the discontinuance of a publication that needed no Government subvention, and, except that officers of the Department were concerned in its management, was a private undertaking rather than a Government organ. "To encourage the accurate observation and record of Indian educational phenomena; to encourage the study of educational principles so as to counteract the besetting sin of the Indian teacher, which is to fall into grooves and work perfunctorily; to follow for the same reason the educational work of other countries; and to cultivate and nourish in every way what may be called professional spirit and professional pride, based upon a high estimate of the importance of the office and work of the teacher"—these were the aims which the founders of the *Record* set before themselves from the first, and to no small extent have they been successful. Those teachers in isolated districts who have been kept in touch with the outside educational world by this magazine will severely feel its loss. As a rule, when Government are criticised for their educational policy, they refer to the law and to the testament as expounded in the report of the Education Commission. But in this instance no such refuge is available, for the Commission strongly emphasized the importance of multiplying agencies for developing the interest of schoolmasters in their work. They expressly recommended the encouragement of school papers and magazines, the establishment of educational libraries and museums, and the convening of conferences of officers of the Department and teachers, "for the discussion of questions affecting education, the Director of Public Instruction being in each case *ex-officio* president of the Conference." It is notorious that the latter recommendation is more honoured in the breach than in the observance in this Presidency. Turning to the quinquennial review of educational work in India, issued from Simla last September, we find that Bombay is bracketed with Assam as provinces in which "no conferences appear to have been held of late years." This fact, coupled with the arbitrary decision of the Director, is sure to be regarded in many quarters as betraying a departmental desire to avoid the discussion of educational topics.

Although, as we have said, the review lacks vitality and suggestiveness, much of the information it contains is satisfactory, and there is, as the Governor-in-Council remarks, ample evidence of the creditable manner in which the officers have worked to bring about the results achieved. Slowly but surely the percentage of children of school-going age receiving instruction is growing. The figures for both sexes give 16·55 per cent. as the proportion, this being half per cent. better than in the previous year. The increase is distributed with fair proportion over each class of institution, except unaided schools, and over each district. As to the classification of the pupils, it is a matter for regret that, while the number of Mahomedans constituted one-fifth of the total addition, their number at colleges continues to be very small, and indeed shows a falling off. The "Awakening of Islam" does not seem to have affected this Presidency, so far at least as higher education is concerned, and it will be observed that even in elementary instruction the Mahomedan increase is below the relative proportion of their population. The total expenditure on education showed an increase of nearly a lakh of rupees. The increase is borne by Provincial Funds, fees, and other sources. It seems that local cess and municipal funds have, not only not contributed anything to it, but the expenditure from these two sources has diminished. One-third of the cost of University education was contributed by fees as compared with 30·5 per cent. last year. On the other hand, the quota borne by fees towards the cost of primary education declined from 12·6 per cent. to 12·2. The tendency of the figures we have quoted is a right one. There is a great deal to be said in favour of the argument Mr. Chatfield has set forth in the resolution, on Mr. Setalward's memorandum to the effect that "higher education should be given to those who can pay, and to the poor, who are clever. Stupid boys, who cannot afford higher education, are in the way of others, and had better be content with a primary school, and follow their father's calling." The main objection to this theory is, that its practical application would not always be an easy matter. It often happens that the mind of an apparently stupid lad will, under favourable circumstances grow even faster than his body, and it is a matter of everyday knowledge that many men who were dull as boys have left an enduring mark upon the page of history. In their review Government take credit for their liberal treatment of Municipal and Local Boards. The fixed grants to these authorities have been increased: annual contributions made by several Municipalities have been remitted; and the Sind Municipalities have for the first time been allowed the full educational grant, without deduction for police charges. Although the results of the Matriculation and School Final Examinations were not satisfactory as compared with the previous year—a fact which the plucked candidates of last year generally attribute to the increased severity of the test—the High Schools are favourably reported on. While viewing with complacency, the progress that has been made in most directions Government express their consciousness that "much remains to be done," and ask for the co-operation of the Local and Municipal Boards, and other agencies to keep up the onward march of educational progress in the Presidency. And yet sentence of death has been passed on one of the most valuable of these "other agencies."

On receipt of Mr. Setalvad's memorandum on the rules regulating Municipal schools Government forwarded the document to the Director of Public Instruction, whose report thereon forms the preamble to the Government resolution on the subject. That report bears out in almost every detail the criticisms we felt bound to pass upon Mr. Setalvad's memorandum, when it was first published. It shows that the arguments of the representative of the Northern Municipalities were largely based upon erroneous conceptions, foremost amongst them being the supposition that the rule limiting free admissions to fifteen per cent. of the total number of children on the rolls is applied to each separate school in a town, whereas for the purpose of the rules all the schools are lumped together. Equally fallacious was the enquiry, "why Brahmins or Buniahs should without any reference to local circumstances be always considered to belong to the advanced classes." As a matter of fact, such local circumstances are not overlooked. The Brahmins in Sind are always counted as belonging to the backward classes, and Mr. Chatfield has also allowed the same privilege to the clever gardeners and illiterate Havig Brahmins in North Kanara. As to the chief ground of complaint—that Government fixes a fifteen per cent. maximum as a restriction upon the Municipalities desirous of giving free primary education—Mr. Chatfield points out that there is nothing to prevent Municipalities from asking for permission to make the education in their schools absolutely free. The percentage of fifteen has no particular virtue, and can be raised in any town or village where necessity is shown on the recommendation of the Educational Inspector, and with the approval of the Director. But this fact was not very clearly apparent from the Code, and one good effect of Mr. Setalvad's memorandum will be to have the privilege clearly enunciated. Government is also prepared to amend the draft rules, under the District Municipal Act, so as to permit of a distribution of free studentships to them on the fifty per cent. principle. The opportunity afforded by the resolution is taken to place on official record the views expressed by Lord Harris in one of his speeches on tour, as to the desirability of making vernacular primary education as cheap as possible, and indeed free when "the unavoidable factor of cost" has been solved. A compulsory system is rightly described as "totally unsuitable," and it is pointed out that the Government of India concur in this view. After having said so much respecting the conduct of Government in restricting the educational zeal of the local authorities, Mr. Setatvad will be gratified to learn, on the authority of a Government resolution, that "it is open to Municipalities, if they please to lay the extra burden on their ratepayers, to considerably decrease the amount of school fees now paid by parents." Although, as before pointed out, Mr. Setalvad's memorandum was largely based upon the misapprehensions which were to be expected from the policy of excessive reserve which seems to characterises the Department, we readily admit that the document has served a useful purpose in clearing the air, and obtaining a definite and authoritative pronouncement on one or two important points, which have hitherto been involved in some obscurity.

THE news of the death of M. Ferdinand de Lesseps will be heard with regret, and his family will receive, as much perhaps, more sympathy from India than from his own country. For his name is more familiar here than anywhere else, except in Egypt. Here we know nothing but that he directly or indirectly conferred benefits on all connected with the Indian Empire. In his own country the unfortunate incidents of the Panama Canal have partly obliterated his good name, though he was head and shoulders above most of his countrymen either in diplomacy or engineering ability. Born at Versailles, in 1805, M. Lesseps was in his ninetieth year at the time of his demise. He entered the French diplomatic service at the age of twenty-four, and was posted as Attache at Lisbon. He subsequently held Consular appointments at Barcelona, Tunis, and Alexandria. It was on his first visit to Egypt that the project of the Suez Canal dawned upon him. He had just landed in Egypt, but was detained for some time in quarantine, and he beguiled the hours of his enforced idleness by reading all the books about Egypt, which he could borrow. He read up all that was known about Suez Canal achievements and projects, from the time of the Pharoahs to the time of the great Napoleon and of Mohemet Ali, who was then Pasha of Egypt (the "Khedive" was a title reserved for the virtually independent Egypt of the great Albanian's successors). From that lazy spell of quarantine imprisonment in the year 1841, the digging from the Mediterranean to the Red Sea became, literally, the passion of his life. But his eight years of residence in Egypt passed away, as also many years of service in other countries, and the mighty scheme still remained a dream. In 1849 he gave up the diplomatic service. In 1852 he wrote to his old friends in Egypt: "I must own that my scheme is still in the clouds." The Pasha of Egypt, Said, a ruler of the typical Eastern stamp, would give no ear to his proposals. Said Pasha's death gave Lesseps the opportunity for propounding his scheme to his successor, Abbas Pasha. Lesseps was invited to discuss the matter in his fiftieth year. Lesseps started for Egypt to begin a new career. It was agreed that the Canal should be dug "for the benefit of all nations." But eleven years had yet to elapse, for powerful opposition had to be overcome. The British Ambassador at Constantinople told him the Canal would come soon enough in a hundred years. Lord Palmerston was hostile to it. The engineers of the day declared Lesseps' project "visionary," and the physical obstacles insuperable. Lord Palmerston predicted that the construction of the Canal would hasten the separation of Egypt from Turkey. Yet, in spite of that certainty, even Turkish statesmen favoured Lesseps; and a Turkish Pasha had the credit of helping to persuade Lord Clarendon, that the making of the Canal would do good to the world. Lesseps found friends in Napoleon and the Empress and Cobden. He ignored officials, but travelled through England addressing Chambers of Commerce and distributing circulars by thousands. He was victorious at last, and work on the Canal began in the late summer of 1865. After four years, a procession of forty vessels, at which crowned heads assisted, sailed through it. A few days later, Lesseps, at the age of sixty-four, married a second wife—a lady young enough to be his grand-daughter and by whom he had a second family. He was created a Knight Commander of the Star of India by the Queen, while the French Academy awarded him a monetary acknowledgment of ten thousand francs. Lesseps had achieved his crowning glory, and the pity is he did not wear his laurels at his ease. He next turned his attention to the Isthmus of Panama, proposing to pierce it, as he had done the Isthmus of Suez. But the history of the Panama project is one of disaster, and it is needless to recount the incidents. Lesseps was intended by nature for an engineer. Had he received a special training as such, there is little doubt that he would have achieved even greater

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE CHINO-JAPANESE WAR.

PROTECTION OF LEGATIONS IN PEKIN.

TIENTSIN, Dec. 7.

Owing to the disorder prevailing in Pekin, the Italian Minister has asked for assistance. The Italian gunboat stationed here is landing a detachment of blue jackets, who will proceed to Pekin immediately, for the protection of the Legation.

Dec. 8.

Reports are again becoming current that the Chinese Court are preparing to quit Pekin.

THE ARMENIAN ATROCITIES.

COMMISSION OF ENQUIRY.

LONDON, Dec. 7.

At the special request of the Sultan, British and American delegates will accompany the Commission which has been appointed by the Porte to enquire into the recent events in Armenia.

Dec. 8.

Mr. Jewett, the American Consul at Sivas, will accompany the Turkish Commission-of-Enquiry in Armenia. Great Britain has not yet finally decided whether to appoint a delegate.

A NEW RUSSIAN LOAN.

A New Russian Loan is announced of sixteen million pounds sterling, and will be floated on Wednesday. The minimum price of tenders is fixed at ninety-four and a quarter.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 8.

It is stated that the proceeds of the New Russian Loan are to be devoted solely to the redemption of railway bonds.

THE NEW GOVERNOR OF POLAND.

Count Schouvaloff has been appointed Governor of Poland, replacing General Gourko, who is most unpopular, owing to his tyranny. The change is regarded as a good augury of the liberal views of the new Czar.

THE SIBERIAN RAILWAY.

The Usuri section of the Siberian Railway has been completed to within three hundred and seventy-six versts of Vladivostock.

THE ASHANTEE PROTECTORATE.

LONDON, Dec. 7.

The report published here regarding the proposed establishment of a British Protectorate over Ashantee, is totally denied.

THE NEW FRENCH AMBASSADOR.

Dec. 8.

Baron de Courcel has arrived here to assume charge of the French Embassy.

ELECTION INTELLIGENCE.

The election held for the Brigg division of Lincoln, to replace Mr. Sam D. Waddy resigned, has resulted in the return of Mr. John M. Richardson, the Conservative candidate, by a majority of seventy seven. Mr. Richardson secured four thousand three hundred seventy-seven, and Mr. Harold J. Reckitt, the Gladstonian Liberal candidate, four thousand three hundred votes.

THE TROOPING SEASON.

Dec. 8.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s hired transport Britannia sailed for Bombay to-day.

THE AMERICAN CUP.

Dec. 9.

Lord Dunraven has sent a challenge to America to again contest the Cup.

ENGLAND AND ITALY IN AFRICA.

ROME, Dec. 8.

In the Chamber of Deputies, to-day, M. Blanc stated that Italy does not intend to extend her operations to Khartoum. No agreement has been concluded with Great Britain regarding the ulterior action to be taken in the Soudan. The occupation of Kassala involves the solidarity of Italian and British policy in Africa, including the question of communication between the Mediterranean and the interior of Africa, so long as the route remains in the hands of Turkey and Morocco.

THE FRENCH EXPEDITION TO MADAGASCAR.

PARIS, Dec. 8.

The departure from France of the troops which are to form the expedition will be so timed as to reach Madagascar in April, when they will start forthwith for the capital, and return to the coast in October.

In the meanwhile everything will be made ready for the despatch of the expedition.

THE GERMAN ANTI-REVOLUTIONARY BILL.

BERLIN, Dec. 9.

The Anti-Revolutionary Bill to be presented to the Reichstag is less stringent than was expected. The main provisions inflict fines and imprisonment for plotting crimes aimed at the overthrow of existing order, for inciting to violence, for insulting religion or the monarchy, and for bringing marriage or property into disrepute.

The Bill also provides for the seizure of subversive prints.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, Dec. 7.

The death is announced of M. Ferdinand de Lesseps.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, Dec. 7.

The Bombay mails, of the 24th ultimo, arrived at Brindisi to-day.

THE HON. MR. MAITLEY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Dec. 9.

The Legal Member of Council left Rangoon for Calcutta, to-day.

THE PANSE KACHIN DISPUTE.

Mr. Hertz, Superintendent of Police, is placed on special duty to settle the disputes amongst the Panse Kachins, who headed the rising of last year. Mr. Hertz will be accompanied by 150 men

THE DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF RAILWAYS.

Colonel Gracey, Director-General of Railways, now in Burma on inspection duty, will spend some time in inspecting work on the Mu Valley extension to Katha.

UNVEILING OF RAO SAHEB MAHIPATRAM RUPRAM'S PORTRAIT.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 8.

The Gujarat Vernacular Society placed this evening in the hall of the Hemabhai Institute the portrait of its late Secretary Rao Saheb Mahipatram Rupram, C.I.E., in the presence of a large and influential assembly. Mr. Gilmour McCorkell, district judge, performed the ceremony of unveiling the portrait.

HYDERABAD AFFAIRS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, Dec. 8.

His Excellency the Minister will leave Hyderabad by special train on a tour in the districts on Thursday next, the 13th. He will be accompanied by his personal staff and three or four Secretaries to Government. He will first proceed to Bezwada, and from thence to Khummam and Bhonghir. After inspecting the work of the district officials there he proceeds to Gulbarga, where a halt of a couple of days will be made Raichore will be reached on the 20th, and there the Minister and his party will leave rail and march to Lingsagur and Shorapur. Yadgir on the line of rail will be reached on the 29th, from whence the party will proceed to Sholapore. From the latter place they will march to Tuljapore and Dharasee returning to Sholapore on the 3rd January. Hyderabad will be reached on the 4th or 5th. From the foregoing programme it is evident that the Minister will see a good deal of both the Marotwara and Telingana divisions of the Dominions. Careful inspections of all head and district offices *en route* will be made. The tour should be fruitful in beneficial results, as it will enable the Minister to judge for himself of the revenue and other requirements of the districts he visits. It will give the local officials an opportunity of making his acquaintance and of bringing to his notice any matters needing the personal attention of the head of his Highness' Government. Since the regime of Sir Salar Jung I., no Minister of his Highness has made a lengthy tour in the districts, and the present visit is regarded as an indication of his Excellency's desire to make himself well acquainted with the local government machinery in the two large provinces into which the Nizam's Dominions are divided.

A MAHOMEDAN MASS MEETING IN POONA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Dec. 9.

The Mukka Musjid, in the Poona City, was a scene of a large meeting this evening, about 2,000 Mahomedans being present. The meeting was extremely quiet and orderly, called chiefly to pass resolutions traversing the statements made in the recent memorial to the Government by the Sarvajanik Sabha. Nawab Abdul Majid Khan presided. The following resolutions were approved of:—That the spirit of the resolution of the Poona Municipality, dated 22nd Aug., ordering music to cease within forty paces from the places of public worship, such orders being in accordance with the time-honoured custom; and that those orders alone would dispel any feeling existing between the two communities. The speakers stated that the late regrettable circumstances were distinctly traceable to the influence of certain Brahmins who had ready tongues and facile pens. The Hindus were applauded for refusing to be guided by these Brahmins. Amid wails of grief, one speaker alluded to the desecrated mosque and the murder of a member of their community, the perpetrators of which offences are still unpunished.

THE CALCUTTA RACES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 9.

The second extra day's meeting proved a keen and interesting one; a large number, including Lord Beresford, were present.

First Race.—"The Small Pony Trial Plate." Five entered.

Mr Dan's Bonny Blink, 9st 12lbs, Wool 1
The Maharaja of Patiala's, Miss Wheeler, 9st 12lb, Vinall 2
The Maharaja of Kuch Behar's Carlton 3

The race was won by a short neck. Time, 1 min. and 8¼ secs.

Second Race.—"The Fort Stakes." Five ran.

The Maharajah of Patiala's Ivo, 9st 7lbs, Vinall 1
Major McLaughlin's Syntax, 9st 6lbs, Robinson 2
Mr Gregory's The Harbour Light, 9st 3lbs, Pugh 3

Ivo won by half a length. Time, 1 min. and 3 2/3secs.

Third Race.—"The Pony Trial Stakes." Six entered.

Mr Langton's Comewell, 9st 7lbs, Wool 1
Mr Rodocanachi's Nita, 9st 4lbs, Norton 2
Mr Robert's Lady Editha, 9st 1lb, Robinson 3

Won by a neck. Time, 1 min. and 5 1-5 secs.

Fourth Race.—"The December Stakes." Three entered.

The Maharajah of Kuch Behar's Drummer Boy, 9st 3lbs, Robinson 1
Mr Gye's Profit, 9st 6lbs, Wool 2
The Maharajah of Patiala's Sprig-o-Myrtle, 10st, Vinall 3

Won by three-quarters of a length. Time, 1 min. and 46 secs.

Fifth Race.—"The Maiden Horse Stakes." Nine entered.

The Maharajah of Kuch Behar's Gril, 9st 2lbs, Robinson 1
Captain Mathew's Monica, 8st 11lbs, Butler 2
Mr Rodocanachi's Albyn, 9st, Norton 3

Gril won by a length and a half. Time, 1 min. and 32 secs.

Sixth Race.—"The Corinthian Stakes." Six ran.

Mr. Annandale's Florestan, 11st, Edward 1
Mr. Garth's Velocity, 11st 7lbs, Alford 2
Mr. Greenhill's Bangle, 10st 8lbs, Young 3

Won by a neck. Time, 2 min. and 8 3/5 secs.

THE KOLHAPUR RACES.

THIRD DAY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

KOLHAPUR, Dec. 9.

First Race.—"The Arab and Country-Bred Handicap Race." Distance three-quarter mile.

Mr. Saw's Rejected, 8st 11bs, Ebrahim 1
Mr. Sabir bin Futtah's Rex II. 8st 11lbs, ... 2
H. H. Aga Khan's Samhan 3

Won by four lengths. Time, 1 min. and 30 secs.

Second Race.—"The Galloway Handicap." Distance, five furlongs.

Mr. Ali bin Ameer's Fakir, 9st 8lbs, Ebrahim 1
H. H. Aga Khan's Russian, 8st 7lbs, Oomer 2
M N G's Briton, 7st 8lbs, Pillaji 3

One length divided the first and second horse.—Time, 1 min. and 11 secs.

Third Race.—"The Bookmakers' Purse." Distance, three furlongs.

Mr. Mia's Mintmaster, 8st 7lbs, Mirza 1
The Maharaja of Kolhapur's Takadir, 10st 8lbs, Native 2
The Chief of Kagal's Shaik, 8st 7lbs, Ebrahim 3

Won by one and half length. Time, 44 secs. Five ran.

Fourth Race.—"The Pony Handicap." Distance, half mile.

H. H. Aga Jungee Shah's Success, 8st 11lb, Pillaji ... 1
Mr. Rustomji Byramji's Mushoor, 9st 7lbs, Ebrahim... 2
The Chief of Kagal's Hero, 8st 9lbs, Native 3

Four lengths separated the winner from the second horse. Time, 58 secs. Four ran.

Fifth Race.—"The Arab Handicap." Distance, one mile.

H. H. Aga Khan's True Blue, 9st 8lb, Oomer 1
Mr. James's Hankow, 8st 2lbs, Ebrahim 2
Mr. Sabir bin Futtah's Rex, 7lbs 10st, Native 3

Won by four lengths. Time, 1 min. and 56 sec.

THE CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—A Bombay Government notification grants the Christmas Holidays from the 24th December to the 2nd January, both days inclusive. Persons going to a distance to spend the holidays with their friends will be deprived of spending New Year's Day with them. Madras is much more liberal in this respect, as the Government notification grants the holidays from Monday, the 24th December, to Saturday, the 5th January, both days inclusive. It would be a graceful act for Bombay to follow suit, as the Government service would not suffer, and the few extra days would be a real boon to Government servants.—Yours, &c.,

A.

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Nov. 23.

The one topic of conversation in the political world is, of course, the result of the Forfarshire Election. A hundred and one explanations are as usual forthcoming to explain this "very awkward, very unwelcome, and very untimely defeat," as the *Daily News* with praiseworthy candour describes it; but no one has put forward what may in all probability have materially contributed to the Liberal reverse in Scotland, and may perhaps have the same effect in the contest now pending in Lincolnshire. The Scotch elector, I am told, does not approve of being deserted at a moment's notice by his member when it suits that member to accept promotion to the Bench, particularly when he has not been (perhaps, as in the case of Sir John Rigby from circumstances beyond his control) able to devote much attention to the affairs of his constituents. Their disgust at the way in which they had been neglected by their former representative, who as Attorney-General, had to give up to the United Kingdom as a whole what was meant for Forfarshire, may have helped to turn the scale against the Liberals. Then my friends of the Established Kirk in Scotland tell me that the Church Question had more to do with Mr. Ramsay's return than anything else. I have not much sympathy with the practice common to both parties when they receive a knock-down blow of putting down their discomfiture to the deficiencies of their candidate. But certainly it was a singular thing for the Liberals to choose an unknown London stockbroker to stand against a popular gentleman of influential local connections. To the Earl of Rosebery and his henchman (if I may use that word without offence) Lord Tweedmouth, the remarkable change of political opinion in Forfarshire must be extremely disappointing; though, it is absurd to say as some excited persons are saying that it means forcing on the General Election. What it probably means is that Lord Rosebery will have to fall in with the behests of his more extreme supporters, and take a more decided line. Although Lord Rosebery beyond replying guardedly to a deputation from the Trade Union Congress who are pressing for a speedy decision respecting payment of members has not delivered any pronouncement, the situation has been fully discussed by Mr. Asquith on the one hand and Mr. Chamberlain on the other, to say nothing about minor lights. In fact, we are being deluged not only by a too copious downpour of rain but by floods of oratory. Liberal orators devote themselves mainly if not entirely to the iniquities of the Hereditary Chamber; Unionists to their captivating "campaign against want and misery" to quote Mr. Chamberlain's language. It appears to be coming clearer every day that the Unionists will put Social Reform in the forefront of the approaching battle. I had almost forgotten to mention that the bimetallists obtain a recruit in the new member for Forfarshire. His opponent refused to accept the double standard creed.

In its article on Indian affairs, this week, the *Times* devotes a good deal of space to discussing the recent disturbances in your Presidency and incidentally comments on the remarks uttered by Lord Harris in the course of his valedictory tours. I can only just call your attention to the article, but I may observe that one fact overlooked by the writer, namely, the passing of the Bombay Police Act of 1890, has been supplied this morning by a correspondent whose identity is thereby disguised under the initials "R.W."

The cry is still they come! Another Indian gentleman, in addition to your respected fellow-townsman, Mr. M. M. Bhownuggree, has been announced to us this week as an aspirant for Parliamentary honours. The new candidate—or, perhaps, I should say, would-be candidate—for I do not hear that Mr. Akers Douglas, has yet found a constituency for him—is Moulvie Rafiuddin Ahmed, whose name has been prominently before the public as a contributor to periodicals and as a friend of the Queen's Munshi. The Moulvie has thrown in his lot with the Unionist party, and he is the sworn foe of the Congress and all its works. The other evening he delivered an address at the Junior Constitutional Club on "England and the Mahomedan World." He made what some people might regard as a fierce attack on the Hindus, and his utterances though of course not intended to stir up strife, cannot fail to intensify the bitterness existing between the two leading races in India. But that is the Moulvie's own affair. He is a private individual, and as such is entitled to ventilate his views whenever and wherever he chooses. The meeting would probably have passed without notice, but for the fact that the chair was taken by an ex-Under Secretary of State for India, Sir John Gorst. It is Sir John Gorst's connection with the proceedings that has given rise to so much comment in Anglo-Indian circles. It might have been supposed that a statesman who once represented the Indian Government in the House of Commons would have dissociated himself from the strictures that the Moulvie, in perfectly good faith I daresay, thought it necessary to pass on the Hindus, or at all events, that he would have offered a few words on the desirability of religious and race toleration. But instead of adopting this judicial and judicious attitude Sir John Gorst seems in a sense to have endorsed the Moulvie's complaints and charges. The right hon. gentleman is reported in the *Daily Telegraph* to have remarked that "he could not help observing that if such speeches as that just delivered were sometimes made in Parliament it might add to the wisdom of our statesmen." He further said that if any constituency was so patriotic as to send the Moulvie to Parliament, he felt sure that as regards their Indian Empire and their Oriental policy they would have a most valuable adviser. Sir John Gorst, though in some respects an extraordinarily able man, has not as a politician always acted discreetly, but in the view of some of his Conservative friends he has never been so indiscreet as he was on Tuesday night. They say that Mr. George Curzon would never have committed such an indiscretion, and in this no doubt they are right. I observe that in an interview published in "The Realm" the Moulvie makes one statement which ought not to pass uncorrected. He says:—"England if she is wise will give much more heed to the wishes of the Indian Mahomedans. Even Russia treats us better. She makes us Colonels and Generals in her army; England does not allow us to be even Captains or Lieutenants." He further says:—"It is humiliating, you will admit, that we are refused the privilege of being Volunteers which has been accorded to the unwarlike Parsees." The Moulvie before he blossoms forth into an M.P. must get up his facts a little better. Russia "makes us colonels and generals." Does she? She bestowed high military rank on one Asiatic, and I believe only one, Alikhanoff, who fell into disgrace, and was stripped of his honours. It is to be sincerely hoped that we are not about to see Indian questions become the battle cries of our political parties, as some of the less wise of the Congress leaders have been desiring for a long time past.

In the above connexion, I may mention that Mr. A. Webb, the respectable but undistinguished Nationalist member, who for some inscrutable reason is going all the way to Madras to preside over the National Congress, left the Thames in the Ballaraat, yesterday. Mr. Nowroji, M.P., Mr. Wilson, M.P. (of the Opium Commission), and a goodly number of young natives went to Liverpool Street to see him off. I wonder what the mild-looking gentleman thinks of it all. Some people are born great, some achieve greatness, and some have greatness thrust upon them. Mr. Webb evidently comes within the latter category.

I hear that Sir Raymond West was as much surprised as anybody to see himself spoken of as a probable successor to Lord Harris, and in the same paragraph, as that popular sportsman, Lord William Beresford. A young friend of mine, who is I fear somewhat wanting in reverence, met Sir Raymond in the train the other day, and after complimenting him on the news of his approaching appointment jocularly applied for the post of Private Secretary. I understand that Lady West is inundated at Norwood with letters from fond mothers of picturesque and promising warriors asking that their claims may not be overlooked when the A.-D.-C.s are selected! *Truth* says this week that it hears Sir Edward Grey is to be offered the Bombay Governorship, but I am afraid that Mr. Labouchere is the last person in the world that Lord Rosebery would take into his confidence. In certain quarters the opinion prevails that owing to the paucity of peers in the Liberal party (and it seems somehow, to be taken for granted that no Commoner need apply) Lord Reay may be sent out again. There is of course a sort of precedent for this in the case of Sir George Clerk who was twice Governor, though only for comparatively short periods; but although I have not the remotest knowledge who the coming man is, I do not believe it is your ex-Governor.

I must hasten to correct a misapprehension I fell into last week. In referring to the resuscitation of the Indian Constitutional Association, I suggested rather than stated definitely that it originally sprang out of the Ilbert Bill agitation. That is not the case. The Association had its origin in circumstances quite apart from that much-debated measure. The Association concerns and concerned itself very largely about such questions as the Bengal Cadastral Survey, and it is attracting to its ranks many gentlemen of moderate political opinion.

The very exciting School Board election, which has been engrossing so much of the attention of Londoners for weeks past, was fought out, yesterday, at the polls. The day was generally fine, and there was a very large polling, the hours being extended to nine o'clock p. m. for the benefit of the working men, who come up in large numbers in the evening. There was some confusion occasioned by changes in the polling districts, and a number of mistakes and complaints of lost votes are reported in consequence. The election turned mainly upon the religious question, and the now notorious circular in connection therewith, although matters relating to the staffing and efficiency of the schools were also much discussed. The Labour Party who had candidates in several divisions, put forward a programme which included *free maintenance* for the children in Board Schools. The votes were counted to-day, and the result so far as it is known shows that the Progressives have, at all events, made a serious inroad into Mr. Diggle's majority. Triennial School Board elections have also been held in many of the large towns of the country within the last few days, with varying results. In some places the Labour Party have won successes, but in other of the large towns—Liverpool and Manchester, for instance—their candidates have all been defeated. The religious question, *i.e.*, religious instruction in Board Schools, has been very generally in evidence again in most of the elections, although some years back it was believed to have been laid to rest.

We shall shortly be having another batch of local elections throughout the country—the New Parish and District Councils elections in the rural parishes, and the elections to the popularly re-constituted vestries in London. To-morrow the notices are to be issued in all rural parishes in England and Wales, calling the first parish meetings for December 4. At these meetings the Councils will be nominated, and where the candidates do not exceed the number of councillors required, the election will be completed. Where there is an excess of candidates and polls are demanded, the pollings will take place a fortnight later, and on the same day the elections of District Councils are to be held, which bodies will in future be the Poor Law Guardians. So far very little interest has been evinced in the new Local Governments, except in some parts of the country where exciting questions have arisen. The indefatigable Mr. W. T. Stead has come forward prominently in this connection. A few weeks ago he formed a National Social Union, the object of which is social reforms on a Christian basis. As secretary of the Union he has issued an appeal for humane and capable men and women, who have time for the service of the poor, to come forward as candidates for the New Board of Guardians, to whom the administration of the poor laws will be entrusted. The address points out the importance of the duties of guardians of the poor, and that the practical solution of the social question rests largely with them. The manifesto has been very largely signed by the clergy of all denominations, including most of the Bishops, and also by the president and secretaries of various associations for the promotion of social and temperance work. Mr. Stead's action in this matter is canvassed from different points of view. Some look upon him as a Heaven-sent reformer; others regard his schemes as got up for the most part, for advertising purposes in connection with his publications. Mr. Stead has friends many and critics many, but it is remarked that he generally manages to keep himself well before the public, and to receive considerable sympathy and support.

A somewhat remarkable divorce case came to an unexpected termination on Thursday. The case was that of Cox *vs.* Cox and Dyball (Hope, Goode, and Middleton intervening), and it has been before Sir Francis Jeune in the Divorce Division for several days; but on Thursday it suddenly collapsed by the withdrawal of the respondent's counsel. The position of the petitioner attracted more than usual interest to the case. He was Mr. Harding Edward de Konblanque Cox, son of the late Sergeant Cox and proprietor of those most successful journals *The Queen*, *The Field*, and *The Law Times*. Mr. Cox is also well known in society and sporting circles as an owner of race horses and a M. F. H. He sued for a divorce from his wife on account of her adultery with Mr. John Dyball, a land agent, whose acquaintance was made at a hydropathic establishment at Bombay. The respondent made counter-charges against her husband of misconduct with three ladies, Miss Hope, Mrs. Goode, and Mrs. Middleton, the interveners. These counter-charges were denied. Part of the case against the wife rested on her own confession to her husband. On Thursday, Mr. Robson, Q.C., on behalf of the respondent (Mr. Cox) stated that he did not intend to take up the time of the court any longer by contesting the case. After denials had been given by parties implicated in the counter-charges, a decree *nisi* was granted to Mr. Cox, with the custody of the children, and the wife's counter-petition was dismissed. The successful papers, of which Mr. Harding Cox is a proprietor were founded by his father, the late Sergeant Cox, who seems to have had a genius for hitting the popular taste in journalism. Notwithstanding the publication of a host of imitators, the *Queen* and the *Field* still hold their own and are splendid properties. They are printed and published in a handsome pile of offices, built specially for them, in Breams Buildings, Chancery Lane.

Another notorious case ended on Thursday in the committal to six years' penal servitude of Henry Lewellyn Winter, a theatrical manager, for fraud and perjury in connection with his own divorce. This man actually obtained a divorce from his wife, by fraud, without her knowledge until the decree had been pronounced. He withheld from her the fact that he was taking proceedings and got from her by deceit a signed confession of her guilt, of the purport of which she knew nothing. When he obtained the decree he married a wealthy widow. The divorced wife had never seen the man (prisoner's brother) a written confession of adultery with whom Winter got from her. All the time the divorce proceedings were going on he was living in apparently affectionate terms with his wife, and she believed all the lies he told her to divert her suspicions respecting the action he was taking. Mr. Justice Hawkins commented in strong terms on the infamy of the prisoner. The fraud was one of the most extraordinary that has been investigated for some time back.

ARRIVAL OF AN ITALIAN WAR VESSEL.

The Italian man-of-war Christopher Colombus, under the command of Captain F. Gavotti, arrived in harbour yesterday at noon from Venice which port she left on the 4th November. She called at Port Said and Aden, thence proceeding to Muscat, eaving that port on the 3rd instant, for Bombay. She is on a cruise round the world for the information of the officers and crew, and after remaining in port for about a fortnight will proceed to Colombo. She possesses six big guns and six 6-in. B. L. guns and a complement of 234 men all told. His Royal Highness Louis of Savoye Duke of Abruzzi is on board as an officer, holding the rank of a lieutenant. On arrival the vessel fired a salute of twenty-one guns, the compliment being returned by the land battery.

There are at present nearly thirty-three million maunds of salt in the Government Golahs at Calcutta in addition to over six million afloat. By far the greater portion of the imported salt is from England—Liverpool, Panga, White, and Cheshire,—but there is also a considerable trade with Hamburg and the Arabian coast.

ARRIVAL OF THE OVERLAND MAILS OF THE 23RD NOVEMBER.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Sutlej, Captain W. J. Nantes, with the Overland Mails of the 23rd November, arrived in Bombay Harbour at 5 o'clock yesterday evening. She brought the following passengers:—

From London.

Austly, Miss
Abell, Mr J C
Bigg-Wither, Miss
Bannister, Mrs
Carey, Mr, Mrs and infant
Clarke, Mr, Mrs, child and infant
Castle, Miss H
Chrowinell, Mr
Cook, Mr A P
Cotton, Mr B
Cooper, Mrs
Deason, Mrs
Daly, Mr Wm
Davey, Miss
Davidson, Lt-Col
Dodds, Mrs J, and child
Ellis, Lt G W
Foy, Mr
Gascoin, Miss
Goode, Mr S
Groves, Mrs
Groves, Mr Albert
Hoime, Mr, Mrs and infant
Hume, Rev and Mrs A, and 2 children
Haines, Miss
Hollis, Mrs
Hutton, Mr
Isaacs, Mr
Inglis, Mr and Mrs
Johnson, Rev T E
Jose, Mr G A
Keatinge, Mr
Kirwan, Miss
Lorce, Miss
Mason, Miss
Moulton, Miss
Morgan, Mr H T
McKee, Mr
Marshall, Mr
Napean, Mr
Nicholson, Messrs A C & M R
O'Donnell, Mr and Miss
Parkes, Mrs J
Pearce, Mr H W
Ridley, Mrs H
Roper, Mr C
Rutherford, Mr J B
Rutherford, Mr D B
Seddon, Mr J W
Straker, Mr J
Smith, Miss
Thompson, Mr
Tough, Mrs
Todd, Miss Ethel
Vaughan, Mr P
Waring, Mr M S
Wallace, Capt, Mrs and infant
Wright, Major W F

From Brindisi.

Apear, Mr
Adam Hajee Mahomed
Bois, Mr A
Burn, Mr R F
Berners, Mr Henry
Begbie, Mr
Barrow, Mrs
Bontinck, Mr P
Clayton, Mr and Mrs
Crawford, Mr
Chamberlain, Mr
Connolly, Major
Davenport, Mr
Ellis, Mr C C
Elphinstone, Lord
Elphinstone, Hon Lillian
Ghose, Mr
Grange, Mr T
Greswold, Mr
Gubbay, Mr M E
H H Maharaja of Kooch Behar
Hancock, Mr
Holme, Mr and Mrs
Hamilton, Mr
Hodges, Bishop of Travancore and Mrs
Johnson, Mr H
Lindsell, Capt
Leslie, Mr W
Lawson, Mr and Mrs
MacCarthay, Major
Mattox, Mr F W
Martin, Mr
Mackenzie, Mr
Nathan, Mr
Proudfit, Mr
Peebles, Mr J
Ricketts, Surg-Capt
Rodocanachi, Mr
Sen Mr
Squire, Mr and Mrs
Salingor, Mr
Sconce, Mr H
Singleton, Mr
Storck, Mr
Stanin, Mr and Mrs
Thorburn, Bishop
Vella, Mr E T
Wood, Mr S G

From Gibraltar—Mair, Mr and Mrs

From Ismailia.

Crossley, Mr C P
Furse, Mr M B
Wood, Mr J B

From Malta.

Dowling, Mr J
Le Gallais, Miss

From Port Said—Haziz Hassan, Prince

From Aden.

Buchanan, Miss
Ford, Lieut C
Muir, Mr
Muir, Sir John
Muir, Lady
Muir, Mr and two Misses
Thacker, Surg-Capt R C

Weather Report.—London to Gibraltar—Experienced strong gales from W. to S.W. Heavy squalls and high sea, ship labouring heavily and shipping quanties of water forward and aft.—Gibraltar to Malta.—Strong gales from E. and E.N.E., with heavy rain squalls, cloudy weather and moderate sea. Malta to Brindisi.—Mod. N.E. and E.N.E. winds, cloudy weather, mod. sea and rain at times. Brindisi to Port Said.—Strong gales from East and E.N.E. with high sea, ship labouring and pitching heavily and shipping quantities of water forward and aft. and rolling very considerably. Heavy rain squalls at times. Port Said to Suez.—Fresh N.E. winds and cloudy weather with heavy rain at times. Suez to Aden.—Moderate to fresh winds from N.E. and E.N.E. and heavy rain at times. Light variable winds and fine clear weather. Aden to Bombay.—Moderate to light winds from N.E. and East, with smooth sea and calm beautiful weather.

THE WEEK'S MAIL SUMMARY.

LONDON, Nov. 23.

The Court.

Memorial services for the late Tsar of Russia were held on Monday in the private chapel of Windsor Castle the Queen and other members of the Royal family being present, also in Westminister Abbey, and in the Russian chapel, Wel'beck-street.

Parliamentary.

A Cabinet Council was held on Wednesday in Downing-street. All the Ministers were present.

The result of Saturday's polling in Forfarshire was declared on Monday. The Hon. C. M. Ramsay (C.) was elected by 5,145 votes, against 4,857 recorded for Mr. H. Robson (G.L.). This result is a gain of a seat to the Conservative party, counting two votes on a division.

The Parliamentary Committee of the Trade Union Congress waited on Tuesday upon Lord Rosebery to urge the Government to make provision for the payment of members and for returning officer's expenses. Mr. S. Woods, M.P., introduced the deputation, whose case was stated by Mr. D. Holmes, Mr. J. Burns, M.P., and Mr. Broadhurst, M.P. Lord Rosebery, in reply, indicated some difficulties, but promised to bring the subject under the consideration of the Cabinet.

Political.

Mr. Asquith, M.P., addressing a Gladstonian meeting in Birmingham on Wednesday, referred to the fact that Birmingham had for the moment ceased to be one of the great centres of Liberal faith. The Government had not brought before the House of Commons a single measure for which they had not received the authority of the majority of the people of the country, but, notwithstanding, the principal ones had been thrown out by the House of Lords, while a similar fate no doubt awaited the Welsh Disestablishment and Irish Land Bills, which it was purposed to bring forward next Session.

Mr. Chamberlain, replying to a correspondent in reference to his social programme, says he has observed with amusement the statement of Lord Rosebery that the proposals which he has ventured to make are not intended to be seriously proceeded with. Mr. Chamberlain has every reason to be gratified with the encouragement which reaches him from both sections of the Unionist party, and which makes it certain that as soon as they have a majority in the House of Commons these important subjects will receive instant consideration.

Ireland.

At a meeting of the mails committee of the Cork Chamber of Commerce on Tuesday a report was submitted of a private interview with the Postmaster-General respecting the new contract for the home and transatlantic mail services, at which Mr. Morely stated that the Cunard Company had intimated that they contemplated abandoning Queenstown as a port of call. The Government, however, proposed to make special arrangements for forwarding the transatlantic mails *via* Queenstown.

At a meeting of the Grocers' and Vintners' Association, held in Dublin on Wednesday, strong complaints were made of the injustice of the additional spirit duty, and the members of the anti-Panellite party were held responsible for enabling the Government to pass the tax.

General.

Mr. Kenelm E. Digby, County Court Judge in Derbyshire, has been nominated by the Home Secretary to succeed Sir Godfrey Lushington as Permanent Under-Secretary of State for the Home Department.

The Swazi Envoys on Friday waited on the Marquis of Ripon to receive the Queen's reply to the deputation which had audience of her Majesty on Thursday. They were present in the afternoon at a reception held by the committee of the Aborigines Protection Society in the the Westminister Palace Hotel. The Swazi Envoys left Southampton on Saturday evening on board the mail steamer Roslin Castle for Cape Town.

The Hon. Cecil Rhodes, Sir John Willoughby, Dr. Jameson, and Dr. Harris, of the British South Africa Company arrivied, at Plymouth on Friday from Cape Town. They were welcomed by the Mayor. In acknowledging his greeting, Mr. Rhodes said the congratulations bestowed on Dr. Jamesen and himself would, perhaps, have been more advantageous when they were under difficulties in Mashonaland and Matabeleland. All they used to receive there were statements from a section of the Press which described them as murderers and thieves.

News has been received from Archangel that Captain Wiggin's vessel has been wrecked at Yugor Shar, but that all on board are safe.

A whaler which reached Dundee on Wednesday brought a letter from Lieutenant Peary, dated Cape York, May 29, reporting that his party was in good condition, but that his northward journey over the ice was terminated by a terrible storm, with the thermometer at 50deg. below zero. He will repeat the attempt next spring.

It is stated that a syndicate of American scientists and merchants are organizing an expedition, with a vessel specially constructed for the purpose, with the view of definitely ascertaining the nature of the Polar regions and of the Pole itself before the expiration of the present century.

At a meeting of the London Chamber of Commerce on Monday Mr. Walter B. Harris delivered an address on the subject of trade in Morocco, in which he ascribed the backward state of the country to the existing system of government, of the reform of which there was little prospect in view of the many rebuffs which the British Government had experienced during recent years in Morocco.

Mr. Chaplin, speaking on Friday at Alford, expressed his strong conviction that it was the question of currency which lay at the very root of all the troubles of agriculturists at the present time.

The floods in the Thames Valley are gradually subsiding, and at Windsor the gas supply was restored yesterday. In that town much inconvenience and distress has been caused among the poorer inhabitants, and funds have been raised (to which the Queen has been a liberal contributor) to assist those in need of help.

At a special meeting of the New Decimal Association, held on Tuesday at the offices of the London Chamber of Commerce, Sir S. Montagu, M. P., who presided, stated that the Government had consented to the appointment of a committee to inquire into the subject. A resolution expressing satisfaction at this circumstance was moved by Sir A. Rollit, M. P., and was unanimously carried.

A meeting was held at Eastbourne on Wednesday to commemorate the completion of three new voluntary schools, with accommodation for 1,725 children, which had been required by the Education Department under the threat of ordering the formation of a School Board.

A professional diver, named Fuller, succeeded by disguising himself in getting on to the roof of the high-level Tower bridge on Saturday, and dived into the river. He was seen to rise once, but immediately afterwards sank, and, though his body has not been recovered, no doubt is entertained that he was drowned.

At Leicester Assizes on Tuesday, before Mr. Justice Cave, John William Newell, 42, a Marine pensioner, was convicted of the murder of his wife at Loughborough on August 21, and sentenced to death.

At Liverpool Assizes on Tuesday, before Mr. Justice Wills, Stanly Garner, 28, solicitor, pleaded "Guilty" to six charges of forgery, involving frauds to the total amount of about £8,000, and was sentenced to eight years' penal servitude.

At Winchester Assizes, on Saturday, before Mr. Justice Grantham, Cyrus Knight, 45, a carter, was convicted of the murder of his wife by shooting her with a gun at Binstead, near Alton, on the 28th of September, but was recommended to mercy on the ground that he had committed the crime in the heat of temper. He was sentenced to death.

By a fire which broke out in the Lace Market at Notthingham, on Saturday morning, several warehouses and factories were destroyed, and damage done to the estimated extent of £150,000; while about 2,000 hands will be temporarily thrown out of work.

Obituary of the Week.

Col. E. A. Wood (Mad. Ret.); Surg.-Gen. Fraser, C.B.; Lieut.-Col. G. W. Stacpoole; Canon Prothero; Dr. J. M'Cosh; Mr. G. H. Jennings; M. Manguard; Grand Duke Angustus of Saxe-Weimar; M. de Caussade; M. Rubinstein; Duchess Claudine of Teck; Miss Edith-Chester.

THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA RACES.

The Bombay Gymkhana Sky Races commenced on Saturday on the Mahaluxmi Race-course when some excellent sport was witnessed. The track was in splendid condition and the going good. Racing commenced with the Galloway Plate for which five started. Grain was the favourite and maintained the honour. Aga Ali Shah who rode exceedingly well, magnificently pioneered him to victory. Grey Ghost was made a strong favourite for Local Stakes, and Captain Ross landed him safely, after a very keen and close run with Saracen who was creditably steered by Mr. Field. New Comers' Scurry brought out a field of nine, Arab Boy having scratched. Electric having a good start from the beginning kept his companions at a respectful distance. Hack Stakes was the most interesting, Noffil and Mirzapur both having riders of local repute, Captain Gabb and Mr. Graham, respectively. The former forced out his way only within half a dozen feet of the finis. Misch

MR. WENNING'S AFTERNOON CONCERT.

However popular Saturday afternoon concerts may be in London, they do not "take" in Bombay, to judge from the meagre audience which assembled at the Town Hall on Saturday afternoon, on the occasion of a concert arranged by Mr. R. Wenning. The programme was of so classical a character—containing the names of such famous composers as Wagner, Schumann, Poderewski, and Gounod—that its mere publication ought to have been sufficient to have led an adequate number of musical people to forego for once the cherished right of spending the Saturday afternoon out of doors. It may be supposed, however, that after this experience Mr. Wenning, when he has the arrangement of concerts in future—and we hope that will be more frequently than hitherto—will not attempt to repeat the experiment. Mr. Wenning's splendid execution of Listz's arrangement of a march from Wagner's Tannhauser was a fitting prelude, to the excellent performances that were to follow. Miss Pedraza kept the audience in rapt attention during her faultless rendering of that difficult "test piece" for violinists, Vieuxtemp's "Fantaisie Appassionata," with pianoforte accompaniment by Mr. Wenning. So far as we remember, the only other occasion on which it has been heard on a public platform in Bombay, was when it was played by Miss Bessie Doyle some two years ago. One hardly knew which to admire most—the whole souled devotion that Miss Pedraza threw into her task, or the wonderful power of memory which enabled her to entirely dispense with the use of score. Miss De Ga then made her debut upon a public platform, and, although she was suffering from evident nervousness, her rendering of Schemann's songs, "The Cottage," and "Devotion" did credit both to the young lady and her tutor. Miss De Ga possesses a very sweet mezzo soprano voice, and if its cultivation is continued, she will very soon take her place in the front rank of amateur lady vocalists in Bombay. Another of Mr. Wenning's pupils, Miss Evans, also went through the trying ordeal of a first appearance, and played Helmund's Tanzwese upon the piano. This lady gives promise of being as successful in the musical line as in her collegiate studies, and fully deserved the applause with which the completion of the item was marked. It is not easy for a meagre audience to sustain their enthusiastic cheers long enough and loud enough to secure an encore, but Mr. Wenning's pianoforte solos Dupont's "Chanson Hongroise," and Poderewski' "Caprice Gense Scarlatti," gave such delight that his immediate return to the fine-toned instrument which he so deftly manipulated was insisted upon. Miss Pedraza again appeared, and gave on the violin Albeniz's "Serenade Espagnole," and Moszkowski's "Bolero" in entrancing style. Although she has not given these compositions in public before, she again found any printed aids to memory unnecessary. Having somewhat overcome her nervousness, Miss De Ga made a still more favourable impression than at first in her French song, "Couplets de Siebel" from "Faust." A majestic and inspiring overture from Wagner's Tannhauser, played on the piano by Miss Ewans and Mr. Wenning, brought to a conclusion one of the best concerts held in Bombay for some time past.

TEMPERANCE IN GUJARAT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—The movement in favour of temperance that has lately commenced in very many places of Gujarat, has met with its proper appreciation at the hands of all, who feel for the unfortunate and pitiable condition of those that indulge in intoxicating drinks. The Surat people of the higher classes, including many prominent citizens thereof in a great meeting assembled, congratulated the promoters of this movement, and urged them and their followers to persevere. I see that committees have also been formed, and money is being collected to aid this laudable movement. There is, however, one thing, which, I think, all those that move in this question ought particularly to remember and do, otherwise, I am afraid, the desired effect will not be produced. It is undisputed that the task to reclaim those, that have got accustomed to hard drink, is not an easy one, nay, it is not possible to do so all at once, where speeches, whether in the shape of congratulation, exhortation, or teaching will not prevail. The unfortunate victim, when he is left alone, and when the hour of drinking arrives, seldom remembers what he has been told or taught. The desire to drink is so great in himself, and if he is in company of others, vicious influence is so effective that he runs to the next available liquor shop, where the seller is always ready to receive him with open arms, and begins again to drink. Instances of men, who have, in spite of repeated endeavours of others to rescue them, continued to go to drink, and worken their own ruin, are many, and those alone have been finally saved, whose vacant hours had been occupied by some attractive engagments. In the case of the lower classes, when in the evening after hard work they return home, and when they have nothing else to do, it is not unlikely that, if not soon, at all events some time after, they will resort to their former bad habits, and no amount of punishment, dealt out in any the most insulting manner by their teachers, advisers, or admirers, will prevent them from so erring in life. If the movement is to be permanent in its effects, if the desired good is to be obtained, it is necessary that all those, who move in this matter, including their admirers of the higher classes, should adopt immediate steps, and see that innocent amusements, such as recitals of tales, kathas by Bhats, songs and religious and moral precepts imparted with the aid of musical instruments, are placed within the easy reach of these unfortunate victims in the evening for a few hours, so that in the first place they may be detained thereby, then amused, and then edified. Many of the people are uneducated, and hence for the present at least, literary treat will not be attractive. We must be content in their case to devise means to attract first the eye, then the ear, and then the heart. For the above reasons, I would most earnestly and strongly request those that move in the matter not to ignore this aspect of the affair. I was not present in Surat on the day of the great meeting, when, to the great credit of that city, all classes united to achieve a good and laudable object. Happening, however, to go the very next day, I spoke to my friends that they should resort to the said remedies also, if they wanted to make the movement a success. I see that no steps are yet taken, but I am glad to find that one of the members of the Committee subsequently alluded to the necessity of having kathas, &c. I feel that our people ought to remember this important point (unhappily frequently ignored, though pertinent in all kinds of reform), that, if in their efforts to do good, they take away a thing, they must replace it by some other thing equally engaging and attractive. If this is not done, the mind is left to itself, and "an idle man's budget is full of schemes," and it is not unlikely, that, if new schemes fail to attract, old habits will return. While on this subject of drink, I remember the unhappy case of one European young man, formerly a guard in one the railway companies here, who after having suffered from the effects of very hard drink, and all hungry, happened to see me and my friends in Bulsar some years ago. We took care to satisfy his hunger in the first place, and I was so much struck with the appearance, manners, and intelligence of the young man that when he got composed and in sober mood, I asked him, how it was that he such an intelligent and good looking man, should have ruined himself by drink. He thereupon, frankly told me that he had no relation here, had money to spare as he was getting good salary, and that, having also no friend, when in the evening after hard work he returned to his quarters' he had no one to beguile his time with, no amusements in his solitude to engage him. Thus left alone for want of occupation and entertainments, he had naturally gone to drink, and the habit in course of time changed his original nature. He felt greatly sorry, and expressed his strong conviction, that his case was not all hopeless. He talked with me on several political and other matters, from which it appeared that he had received education, and was possessed of intelligence and information, but who, for the reasons he had stated, suffered in the manner he had done. This unfortunate incident proves beyond doubt that want of innocent and amusing entertainments in vacant hours produces very disastrous effects even in the case of good and educated men, and I repeat, that unless some such steps, as I have suggested above, are actually taken the present movement will not be productive of any permanent good. For a few months or so, they should be continued, and then the unsteady minds will learn to see for themselves.—Yours, &c.,

MOTILAL M. MUNSHI.

INQUIRE FOR GAMES.—Artists' Colours, Household Requisites, Patent Medicines, Toilet Preparations and Articles, Invalids' Food, Sick Room Requirements, and other useful articles for personal use, &c., at MADON, SONS & Co., Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

There is little fresh news from Waziristan. On Monday last a few stray shots were fired from long range at the 1st Gurkhas while parading a mile away from camp, but it would be rash to accept such isolated instances of hostility as conclusive evidence of the temper of the tribesmen as a body. The opinion on the frontier seems to be that an expedition is inevitable; but prediction on that point must be more or less in the air until the 13th, when the final answer of the maliks has to be given.

The Kunar Valley Boundary Delimitation party crossed the frontier on Wednesday morning and camped at Dakka. Mr. Udny was met at Lundikhana by Colonel Sirdar Mahomed Ali Khan Berakzai, a connection of the Amir's. The escort consists of a troop of Kotwali Cavalry, from Kabul. A company of the Khugiani Regiment, from the Amir's cantonment at Kai guarded the pass at one point. The Afghan Commander-in-Chief awaits the mission at Jellalabad.

One of the fruits of the Viceregal visit to Lahore is a decision to reduce the Kashmir State Council, which on its present scale certainly keeps the administration top-heavy. One member is to be abolished and two others, whose services have been lent to the State, are to be reduced in salary, the total effect of the saving being about Rs. 30,000 a year—a lightening which will be felt sensibly by the State finances. The member who is to go is Sirdar Mahomed Hyat Khan, who has his position as a Judge in the Punjab Commission to fall back upon.

Lieutenant Barrow, 4th Bengal Cavalry, Extra Orderly Officer, and Captain Connor, Royal Irish Fusiliers, Chief Transport Officer, have been added to General Sir William Lockhart's headquarters staff.

It has all along been thought, since the departure of the Heavy Field Battery from Mhow to Mooltan, that the lines vacated by that battery would be filled by a field battery from a single battery station, such as Nowgong; but this is not likely to be the case for some time to come at all events, as the Government of India have just issued an order for two of the four blocks of followers' huts, vacated by the Heavy Battery, to be demolished, and the other two blocks to be handed over to the Rajputana-Malwa Railway authorities for housing the Railway followers.

The question has been raised whether Ceylon, which is generally beyond Indian limits of leave, may be viewed as India with reference to the provisions in the Army Regulations, where it is laid down that a free passage by sea is admissible to officers recalled to duty, when on general or privilege leave in India, or even on furlough. It was urged that recalls of this nature are rare, and that when an officer is brought back under such circumstances he should be allowed free passage to his station from the first port or place in India which he reaches on his return journey. The Government of India, however, could not see the case in this light; it did not seem to them that Ceylon could in any circumstances be looked upon as India, and they therefore refused to allow these expenses.

With the rapid approach of the new year it becomes interesting to note how the senior ranks of the army are likely to be affected by retirements in 1895. The most notable removal from the active list of the Indian Army will be that of General Sir Charles Gough, K.C.B., V.C., who retires at the end of March under the five years' rule, although still well within the age limit. The Royal Artillery will be the chief gainers by the retirements next year, as Lieutenant-Generals Sir Robert J. Hay, K.C.B., Director of Artillery at Headquarters, and Sir William J. Williams, K.C.B., late in command of the Royal Artillery at Aldershot, will be carried out by age, in company with Major-General Edwin Markham, whose retirement in the early spring will leave vacant the much coveted appointment of Lieutenant-Governor of Jersey. Two other Lieutenant-Generals, Sir Charles Pearson and the Hon. Charles Thesiger, will also be caught by the non-employment rules. The former was understood to be well in the running for the South African Command, but as our sporting friends would say, has "stood down" since the completion of his five years' term in the West Indies. General Thesiger, a very popular Dragoon in his regimental days, and subsequently equally well liked as Inspector-General of Cavalry in Ireland, was last employed in command of the Curragh Brigade. Two Indian Lieutenant-Generals come under the five years' rule, *viz.*, Adam F. Hogg, C.B., late in command of a Bombay Brigade, and Henry P. Hawkes, C.B., late Madras Staff Corps, whose last employment was as Commissary-General in India, when he did good service in the Burmese war. Turning to the junior lists, it appears that Major-General Thomason, late Bengal Engineers, will be caught by age in 1895, and that the fives years' rule will effect Major-Generals E. C. Griffin, late Bengal Artillery, and W. H. Ralston, late of the East Surrey Regiment. Among the senior officers of the Indian Army who will have to retire next year, we note with regret the name of Colonel Charles McInroy, C.B., with a long record of Indian Mutiny, Abyssinian, Egyptian and Burmese services but who has the misfortune of coming at the tail of a long list of officers who went over his head by means of brevet promotion for the Afghan Campaign.

At Delhi as at Lahore the Viceroy was met by the Municipal Commissioners with the request that the interest on the Municipal Loan from Government should be reduced from 4 to 3½ per cent. This point, therefore, seems likely to become a standing feature of Municipal addresses on these occasions. Of course as far as an immediate answer went the Viceroy was able to say that the decision was as much a matter for the Provincial Government, who equally find the money, as for the Government of India. But it is to be hoped that the Government will not think of making the concession at any rate until it is financially in smooth waters again. The local bodies are quite right to ask for anything that there is any chance of their getting: but the fact remains that they have been dealt with extreme liberality in being allowed the privilege of borrowing at the rate at which the State can raise funds for itself. Had they been obliged to go upon the open market, the affair would have been very different. It may be questioned whether there is any Municipality in Northern India that commands sufficient public confidence to enable it to borrow any considerable sum except at usurious rates of interest. Such as have a better reputation for honesty and efficiency of management might raise perhaps in the way of seven or eight per cent debentures as much as they could secure by mortgages on Municipal property or incomes. Those of more indifferent name would scarcely be able to get money on any terms at all, for nothing can command less confidence than an ill-conducted, ill-officered Municipal Corporation. Under the circumstances they have been treated by Government with a liberality that can only be justified, in the general interests of the public, by the unmentioned but ever present consideration that in the background there is the power to take over the affairs of any Municipality that shows signs of getting into serious trouble and of administering them until they are disentangled again. It is only this reserve of force in the background that makes the experiment at all a safe one. The Municipalities have done very well by their bargain with the Government, whose liberality has enabled them to do more during the last ten years than they could have done in a century on their own credit and resources, and the benefit to the populations of the larger towns has been great. That does not constitute a case for claiming an immediate share of the windfall that has come to the Government through the unexpectedly successful conversion of the 4 per cent loans. The relief that has been gained by the improvement of the Imperial credit will be wanted by the Imperial finances for many a year to come in all likelihood—and we cannot suppose that Mr. Westland will be ready to part with his gains before he has even had the pleasure of seeing them.

On Monday the Kabul-Kunar Boundary Commission left Peshawar. Colonel Warburton and his assistant, Captain Minchin, accompanied the members of the Commission as far as their jurisdiction lay, *viz* to Lundi Khans, which place was reached early on Tuesday. There the Afghan escort awaited them.

The *Pioneer* writes:—We are sorry to find that there was some misapprehension underlying our criticism of the arrangements at Hyderabad, made for the guardianship of Yussuf Ali, the young heir of the Salar Jung house. As has been already mentioned the Hindu Narsinha Rao, who was put in charge of the boy when Major Beauclerk left, was removed again within a day or two of the appearance of our first remarks on the subject. He had never been intended, it appears, as a permanency. In regard to the seeming eclipse of Bairam-ud-Dowlah, it is explained by the reluctance of that gentleman himself to occupy a position that would be for him a very delicate one. Being himself the next heir to the family estates he could hardly take up such a place as that of guardian to the child without giving room for the suspicious to cavil. The gentleman who, when he returns from Persia, will take up the post is an uncle of the boy's mother, and it appears was chosen at her special request, so there is no reason to suspect that the feelings of the family have been in any way disregarded in these arrangements, which we are assured have had the anxious attention of the Nizam himself.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Elizabeth Wagentreiber says the Lahore paper, took place at Delhi on Monday evening, and was largely attended, all Delhi turning out to pay the last marks of respect to her memory. In Mrs. Wagentreiber's death the station has lost its oldest European resident, and the Skinner family their last and only direct representative. Mrs. Wagentreiber, besides being the eldest daughter of the late Colonel James Skinner, C. B., of Hansi and Hissar, had, by her undeniable courage, made herself prominent during the trying era of 1857 (when she escaped with her family from Delhi on the 11th May, that ever memorable day to all English hearts.) It was only owing to the fact of Mrs. Wagentreiber being a woman that the much coveted V. C. decoration was not awarded to her (though the idea was mooted by the then authorities). However she was given the Mutiny medal together with her husband, the late Mr. George Wagentreiber. Socially she was honoured and respected by all who knew her, both European and Native, acknowledging her to be the great "Sikandar's" (Colonel Skinner's) daughter, no mean distinction when we come to think of all that Colonel Skinner did for his Queen and country. One of her last requests was that soldiers might carry her to her last resting place, and it is gratifying to note that her wishes were complied with, for a party of non-commissioned officers belonging to the R. A. in garrison at Delhi volunteered their services for the occasion, so that the soldier's daughter obtained a soldier's funeral.

We are glad to hear that the report of the death of the Gunner who was injured in the Review before the Viceroy at Lahore was not only premature but also not likely to be confirmed hereafter; for the man (Gunner Graham, A. Battery, Royal Horse Artillery,) is doing well. Both the Viceroy and the Commander-in-Chief have sent presents to him and, we believe, General Lord Frankfort went in person to the hospital to see him and inform him of their Excellencies' gifts.

The Madras Government has notified that land is likely to be needed in the taluqs of Uppinangudi and Mangalore, South Canara District, for the construction of a line of railway from Arsikere *via* Hassan to the port of Mangalore on the West Coast.

In the opinion of Broca: "Whenever a neolithic baby had fits a hole was scraped in its head to let out the imaginary demon. If the fits ceased and the child survived it was ever afterwards looked upon with peculiar respect." According to Pliny, the intelligent hippopotamus "finding himself plethoric, goes out on the banks of the Nile, and there searches about for a sharp-pointed reed, which he runs into a vein in his leg, and thus having got rid of a sufficient amount of blood closes the wound with clay." These two curious quotations are from Dr. Withington's Medical History from the Earliest Times.

We are soon likely to hear a good deal more than has yet transpired regarding the recent disgraceful Commissariat Bakery and Mill accounts frauds in Burma, says our military contemporary, especially in connection with the purloining of documents relating thereto from 1888. There were apparently three distinct cases of purloining of official documents at different times. The police enquiry appears to have been perfunctory in character, and the case prepared by them is consequently useless for purposes of conviction. Indeed the police in Lower Burma seem to be markedly inexpert in detective work.

It is reported from beyond the frontier that Mr. Curzon has left Kabul for India *via* Kandhar, carrying in his pocket the acceptance of his Highness the Amir to the Queen-Empress's invitation to his Highness to visit England. Mr. Curzon had two interviews with the Amir. The first interview said to have been a short one, in which Mr. Curzon merely inquired after his Highness's health on behalf of the British Government, but the second interview conversation was longer, and many matters were discussed. The Amir showed the greatest interest in his guest's travels, and asked many questions. A third and last interview was shortly to take place, after which Mr. Curzon was to return at once to India. While at Kabul, Mr. Curzon inspected the Amir's factories, and was also taken to "Asamai" hills, from which by means of binoculars he obtaintained a good view of the Hindu Cush mountains, which were almost white with snow. Mr. Curzon expressed himself well pleased with his reception and treatment by the Amir. Whenever he went out for a walk Mr. Curzon was accompanied by a bodyguard of Sowars and Kotwal of Kabul city.

The scheme under which Burmans and Karens were trained in Survey of India parties for a period of five years in order to qualify for certificates of proficiency in surveying is to be abolished. The new scheme that has been drawn up provides that holders of Syndicate Survey School certificates who join Survey of India parties may obtain complete certificates after a training of two years. These complete certificates will give them a first claim on appointments as revenue surveyors, &c., in Burma.

For a fortnight before the Viceroy's visit, says the *Civil and Military Gazette*, golf players in Lahore had to abandon the game, because the links were being rooted up to prepare for the Viceroy's escort. During the Durbar week there was, of course, no golf: and now it will take more than a month to restore the links again. Moreover, the Golf Club is poor, and has not the funds to do so. They have, therefore, applied for compensation for the injury done. The application was sent through the Deputy Commissioner of Lahore, who forwarded it on. So far so good; but the Deputy Commissioner of Lahore in his official capacity writes to the Secretary of the Golf Club to make the astounding statement that he "thinks that the honour of entertaining the Viceroy's escort on your ground more than counterbalances any slight injury which may have been done to the links." Apart from the fact that the "slight" injury was the utter destruction of bunkers and greens, is it not surprising that officialism can so warp men's minds that they can actually expect people to be grateful for injuries done to them by "personages?" We suppose that if an Excellency were to use a Deputy Commissioner as a door-mat and wipe his boots upon him, the latter would feel his position a dignified and honourable one. What, too, makes the matter worse, is that the golf-links were destroyed without any official intimation whatever being sent to the Club; the first knowledge which the golfers had being the discovery that gangs of coolies were hard at work levelling the links! *Zabardast* and *bobandobast* appear to have been the official watch-words for the Durbar in more ways than one.

It is asserted that at the next Consistory Leo XIII. will raise to the rank of Cardinal many men noted for their hopes of a conciliation between Church and State. The Pope has broken the iron chain drawn round him by the Intransigeants. The same Rome correspondent who reports this says that the other day the Pope said to a high dignitary, "I was afraid I should not even succeed in nominating Galimberti a Cardinal." Cardinal Galimberti is one of those who wishes for conciliation with Italy, and now that the Pope has got so far, he will continue in the same way till a definitive reconciliation has been arrived at.

A PRAYER OF THE 1st LL.B. STUDENTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—A proposal is to come up at the meeting of the Senate either this Friday, or the following, to permit graduates to keep the next four terms in law at the Government Law School, even though the 1st LL.B. Examination is not passed. The necessity of having the proposal passed is universally felt by the students, whose interests are seriously injured by the existing rule. That the students fight shy, and indeed on unassailable grounds of the rule is a sufficient excuse for revoking it. If the students think that in ordinary matters their interests are secured in this way or that they should not be disappointed. On trivial questions graduates can be relied upon, but when great principles are at stake, they will withdraw from the conflict and then those who are in charge of our educational interests should follow their own judgment. Let us epitomise the arguments on which the students justify the tyrannical nature of the rule, the revocation of which is too anxiously awaited. A distinction, they say, ought to be drawn between the students in colleges and graduates. The students of the colleges have to give examinations in successive years, and hence they are, as a rule, unable to manage two unruly horses in the same year. If they are unable to attend lectures for two different examinations, the rule prohibiting them from attending lectures for the subsequent examination unless they pass the previous can in no way inflict any hardship. But the studies of the 1st LL.B. Examination are light work for graduates. Besides they have not examination work for the next year. If in any one year an examiner puts intentionally very obscure questions and graduates are plucked, that is no indication that graduates are unfit for hearing lectures on Equity and other subjects prescribed for the 2nd LL.B. Examination. Sometimes the examiner, instead of testing one's knowledge of law by asking broad questions, thinks of taking the measure of his retentive memory, and testing the knowledge of the language in which law is originally written. When such is the case, even bright students expect rather a failure than success. The prohibitive rule has the credit of inflicting on the student hardship in addition to his future by cutting short all progress for the subsequent year. The student is not allowed to keep the second year's terms in law. This means that he has to spend one more year in Bombay for the sake of the terms. An inference is naturally suggested that some members of the Senate think of nothing but enjoying the spectacle of our embarrassment when we find that the arbitrary rules of the Senate greatly inconvenience us. Once again the Senate takes upon itself of establishing artificially the adage that "life is short and art long." When a graduate takes his degree, he is in suspense as to what profession he should adopt. He is neither serious about law nor about the clerk's line. All that he wishes for is to secure such prospects in life as are worthy of the education he has received. He may seriously think of appearing for the LL. B. Examination if he finds that his wished-for prospects are better realisable in the legal profession. So he keeps all the terms in law so that the requirement that six terms in law should be kept will not come in his way when in future he thinks of appearing for the law examination. Besides the graduates are physically and mentally unfit for the hard studies of law as soon as they leave their college work. They think of taking rest according to the motto "All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy," and in accordance with a principle of medical science that the expenditure of energy must be followed by rest by which fresh energy is gained for further work. Under these circumstances the prohibitive rule in question inflicts positive hardship upon the students and puts unnecessary difficulties in the student's way to success. You may improve the professional staff, you may prescribe excellent books, you may render your examination test stricter; but by no means think of making insignificant things like keeping terms a stumbling-block in the student's way. You thereby show that you are actuated by a spirit of antagonism to the students and that you cannot bear their success with equanimity. Moreover you infringe the law of nature which does not think of curtailing freedom of action. Freedom of action should be curtailed only when it has a tendency to terminate in injury to oneself and to others. We may demand on the ground of justice the revolution of the restrictive rule which appears to have been conceived in the spirit of antagonistic interests. Since the Senate is a learned body having our educational interests entrusted to it, and therefore likely to sympathise with us, in our demands, we humbly beg to submit our wishes to them for consideration. In a public body like the Senate, the members should consult the wishes of the students, whose interests are in their charge. We may expect that even on trivial questions the Senate will exercise its judgment and cautions prudence for which it at times justly deserves our best thanks. The Senate should moreover remember that institutions exist for men and not that men exist for the institution. If by any law no good comes but positive harm results, the natural course will be to abolish the rule. The members should be careful to ascertain that even in trifling matters, the changes, they may think of introducing, contribute to real and substantial good. Again the students are solely at the mercy of the members of the Senate. If they sympathise with them, if they feel real interest for the students, they get encouragement. If on the other hand, there are in the Senate members who have the presumption to assert that they have no mercy for plucked candidates the students are undone. Caprice many a time has a large share in the decision of matters before the Senate. An instance in point is the arbitrary rule now before it. It was passed last year in the Senate in the teeth of opposition from the Students and the Graduates' Association. We, however, feel assurance that in the hands of men like the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Ranade, Dr. Bhandarker, Principal Hathornthwaite, and Dr. Peterson our interests are safe, and we appeal to them for help in the redress of our grievances.—Yours, &c.,

STUDENTS' PROXY.

MILITARY NEWS.

The admission of transport allowance to the Cavalry regiments entitled to it for the interval between its withdrawal and restoration, *i. e.*, September 1893 to April 1894, has been sanctioned.

A rehearsal of the "alarm" in Calcutta, on lines similar to those carried out last year, is announced to take place during the current cold season. The exact date has not yet been definitely fixed.

The Government of India having had under consideration the question of supply of punkha pullers and tattie watering establishments to the Army, have decided that a fixed sum should be annually placed at the disposal of His Excellency, the Commander-in-Chief in India, for the provision of these hot weather establishments in Bengal, it being left to His Excellency to allot this amount among the several districts in his command as he may consider best, a report of the distribution being made to the Government of India for information. It is expected that this system will be extended to the Bombay Command and perhaps to the Madras Command as well.

BOMBAY YARNS IN CHINA.

Messrs. Framji Hormusji and Co.'s cotton circular dated Hongkong Nov. 2, says: Since last though exchange has gone steadily against importers, and advices are to hand from India of the partial damage to cotton crop owing to late and unseasonably heavy rains, the market, here, owing to increasing stocks, the utmost anxiety on the part of holders to realise, and above all to the non-cessation of hostilities between China and Japan, may be said to have experienced a period of extreme stagnation.

No. 20 has been slightly enquired after, and prices evidence a decline of ¼ dlrs.—No. 16 is completely in the background and is very difficult to move.—No. 12 has experienced a slight enquiry almost on the lines of previous quotations.—It is No. 10 that now plays the prominent role and had it not been for the enquiry after this count our market would have presented a very cheerless aspect, and the general stagnation would have been acutely felt.

Under the circumstances sales have transpired to the small extent of 4,000 bales as follows.

1,000	bales of No.	20	sold at	$77 to $83 to $83
400	"	"	16	" 75 to 81
700	"	"	12	" 64 to 72
1,750	"	"	10	" 63 to 71
150	"	"	8/6	" 60 to 63

leaving unsold stocks at 29,000 bales. Exchange on India is to-day quoted Rs. 187 T/T and Rs. 187½ on demand.

Postal advices received from Shanghai dated 16th inst., are of a most discouraging tenor. Owing to the threatening advance of the Japanese army into the interior of China, native bankers have curtailed financial accommodation which has contributed to adversely affect trade in general, and in consequence unprecedentedly small sales have transpired at a further decline. Sales aggregate 1,200 bales the lowest on record, leaving unsold stock at the abnormally high figure of 21,000 bales. Exchange on Bombay is quoted Rs. 258½ on demand.

THE CHINO-JAPANESE WAR.

THE JAPANESE ON THE LIAOTUNG PROMONTORY.

Hongkong, Nov. 14.

The following telegram was received from Japan this afternoon:—

On the afternoon of Thursday, 8th inst., the Japanese army under Field-Marshal Oyama, completely occupied Talienwan. After destroying the Chinese torpedoes guarding the approaches, the Japanese fleet, transports, and torpedo-boats anchored in the Bay.

The capture includes the torpedo station with igniting apparatus and equipments and charts of submarine torpedoes.

Upwards of eighty cannons and quickfiring guns fell into the hands of the Japanese.

TELEGRAMS FROM JAPANESE PAPERS.

Hiroshima, November 2.

A banquet promoted to celebrate the victories of the Japanese army and navy took place to-day, and passed off very satisfactorily. Over five hundred persons were present. H.I.M. the Emperor reached the temporary building of the Diet, shortly after 2 p. m. The Emperor being conducted to a special apartment, gave audience to members of the Imperial family, Ministers of State, and other distinguished guests. His Majesty then walked through the Building to inspect various articles exhibited by public bodies. Among the amusements provided were performances by students of the Etajima Naval School, fencing, selections of music, and *No* dances.

Hiroshima, November 3.

A number of civil and military officers proceeded to the Head-quarters to-day to celebrate the Emperor's Birthday. The houses were decorated as usual, and great rejoicing prevailed throughout the town. The residents gave a congratulatory banquet in the Public Garden during the afternoon, at which their Imperial Highnesses Princes Arisugawa and Fushimi, Counts Ito and Saigo, and other distinguished officials were present.

Shanghai, November 3.

Viceroy Li has been advising the Peking Government to conclude peace, obtaining the best conditions that it can.

WHERE IS THE CHINESE FLEET?

According to the *Hochi Shimbun*, a telegram from Hiroshima, dated 8-20 p.m. on the 2nd instant, says that the whole of the Chinese ships effected their escape from Port Arthur at the first sign of a Japanese campaign in the Liaotung Peninsula and are now lying in Wei-hai-wei. It is difficult to know what to believe among the various reports circulated as to the whereabouts of the Pei-yang Squadron. The *Shogyo Shimpo* says that a Japanese squadron of 8 ships reconnoitred Wei-hai-wei a few days ago, and saw a number of Chinese vessels lying there under the guns of the forts. The Japanese squadron consisted of 2 men-of-war and 6 converted steamers, so that had the Chinese ventured out they ought not to have found much difficulty in winning a first victory. But they did not venture out.

THE INVESTMENT OF PORT ARTHUR.

The *China Gazette* of 17 inst., dealing with the victories of the Japanese on the Liaotung Peninsula and reported investment of Port Arthur, says:—

Meanwhile the Chinese in Shanghai, and we presume all over the country, are making a brave attempt to put on an air of national rejoicing, when any other people would be girding up their loins and preparing seriously to meet the enemy. The Shanghai Taotai entertained the Foreign Consuls at an elaborate tiffin party in the City, followed by theatricals; still if the Chinese attach any importance to the telegrams they circulate we fear the feast must have been but a hollow affair, as far as the feelings of the hosts were concerned. But we are not inclined to accept unquestioned any report emanating from Chefoo, or from the Chinese Telegraph employees themselves. Our Correspondent in Chefoo has instructions to telegraph no rumours or what this one or that one believes, but to confine himself to actual facts. He has not wired that Port Arthur has been attacked, and all the telegrams that we have seen merely imply that the foreigners who had arrived from Port Arthur at Chefoo yesterday (6th inst.) reported that it was to be attacked, for if the attack had taken place before they left, it is obvious they could not get away so easily. They probably surmised the fortress itself was likely to be the next point to receive the attention of the Japanese after they had done with Ta-lien-wan and Chinchow, and left before trouble began. There is no telegraphic connection between Port Arthur and any other station in possession of the Chinese at the present moment, another point which makes in favour of the belief that the announcement of the attack upon Port Arthur is premature, or we should have heard of it first by way of Japan. All the previous movements of the Japanese Second Army Corps, under Marshal Oyama go to show that for the present, and until the Chinese Army at Moukden is destroyed, operations must be confined to the northern part of the Liaotung peninsula. The report that Japanese cavalry scouts have been seen quite close to Moukden is indicative that a combined attack upon that important city is much more likely than one upon Port Arthur for a few days—until the fate of the city of the Manchus is settled one way or other. With a fleet as feeble and ineffective as the Chinese is at present, the strategic importance of Port Arthur is greatly reduced, though we have no doubt that it will, ere many days, command the serious attention of the Japanese, who will probably also approach it from both land and sea at the same time.

THE PORT ARTHUR PUZZLE.

The *Nagasaki Express* of the 14th inst., comments as follows on the progress of the war:—

Judging by the news received here the war is at present progressing very slowly. Reports of trifling engagements of no consequence whatever, in which the Japanese are invariably credited with being victorious, are received from time to time. As regards Port Arthur, rumours of various descriptions from sundry sources have been in circulation since the end inst. either asserting positively that the place had fallen into the hands of the Japanese, or plainly hinting at the probability of such an event having occurred. So far, however, no official news to that effect has been received. That the Japanese will eventually capture Port Arthur there is not much doubt; in fact, in China, it is reported that the Chinese have deserted the place and joined forces with the defenders of Wei-hai-Wei.

[Since the above was written, a *Nippo* 'extra' announces the taking of Port Arthur, on the 11th inst., without any serious fighting, thus disproving previous reports, and showing that the Chinese either through fear or on the grounds of policy, have given their opponents a walk-over.]

News from the Beleaguered Fortress.

Hongkong, Nov. 20.

We have seen a private letter from the North, from which it would appear that the garrison of Port Arthur on the 5th inst., was in a state of panic. The situation is well described in the one word 'desparate.' Most of the Europeans had cleared out, and those who remained were kept at their dangerous posts more from fear of ridicule than from any desire to fight on the side of China. They still considered the Chinese fleet an easy match for the Japanese, if the ships were properly handled, an opinion which is shared apparently by such an able expert as Sir E. J. Reed. On board the ships there was plenty of ammunition. The writer was of opinion that the capture of Talienvan by the Japanese was tantamount to the capture of Port Arthur.

That these fears were premature is shown by the fact that no definite intelligence has been received at Shanghai, Tientsin, Hiroshima or Hongkong. It is reported that the garrison now consists of 10,000 men. Last week, the Chinese fleet, consisting of six men-of-war and a flotilla of torpedo boats, was seen in the Gulf of Pechili, said to be looking for the Japanese fleet. The two Chinese ironclads are once more in fighting trim.

TIENTSIN.

November 6.

Telegrams have been received here to-night by the Viceroy and other officials that Talienwan was taken yesterday; but there is some reason for thinking the statement premature. The Toonan left Port Arthur yesterday (Monday, 5th November,) at 6 p.m.; we learn from her surprising that in the afternoon the Japanese were known to be some miles to the eastward of the neck of the Regents's Sword, a distance of some 42 miles from Porth Arthur.

THE JAPANESE.

were advancing cautiously by slow marches. The telegraph wire was cut some 8 or 10 miles N.E. of Kinchoufu, which your readers will find just to the north of the isthmus joining the 'Sword' to the mainland. This isthmus is at one place only three miles across and is traversed by the military road; a resolute commander could with a small force hold a much larger one at bay, but as Kung (the *civilian* in command of Port Arthur) has concentrated his forces in the naval stronghold, it is highly improbable that the attempt will be made to stop the enemy here. On Sunday five Japanese torpedo boats appeared off the fortress and one was actually hit by a shot and was towed off by the other four.

FOREIGNERS FROM PORT ARTHUR.

Mr. and Mrs. Calder have left Port Arthur and are in Tientsin. A torpedo boat was sent across to Hope Sound late last night with a telegram; and it is probably this is 'wire' which has brought the news of the fall of Talienwan. It was dated 10 p.m. on Sunday, 4th inst.

FOREIGNERS TO HELP CHINA.

Tientsin November 8.

It is confidently said that the Chinese Government is about to engage Germans to enter its military and naval service, provided, of course, the men can be found. The wisdom of foreigners taking part in this war on either side, is certainly very questionable. Were great moral issues at stake, the case might be somewhat different. But as nothing or very little of this is involved, it could be hoped that foreigners would refrain from any active participation in the quarrel.

OPERATIONS AT PORT ARTHUR.

Since writing the above, definite information of the shelling of Port Arthur from the landward side has come to hand from one of the foreign employees who left after the bombardment began. This was a day or two ago, say on the 6th, so that it is more than probable that the Japanese are in possession by this time. The Chinese say that a large number of the troops sent there for its defence have run away. With this in possession, there will be no very great, at least no insurmountable difficulty in their moving on to Peking according to their reported plan.

November 12.

Up to date, there is no development of the military situations; the capture of Talienwan was authoritatively and (probably) with truth contradicted, but it is most likely an accomplished fact long ere now. The Japanese were not near the fortress on Thursday last (8th November); not withstanding statements to the contrary. The Chinese were expecting a descent on Shanhaikuan yesterday; but they now believe the Japs to know a great deal more than they possibly can know; *espionnage* may still be flourishing, but of necessity it must take a long time to transmit intelligence now that the communication is all cut off.

Later.

Kung Taotai crossed over to Port Arthur last night, or at least attempted to do so; he came to Tientsin to try and settle the question of supreme command in the fortress. A civilian himself he could get neither concert nor common sense from his four military subordinates. Admiral Ting offered to solve the difficulty by taking the entire responsibility and the whole direction of affairs, but military jealousy of naval interference precluded this solution, and Kung came over to see the Viceroy and settle the matter. As I said before he was ordered to return, at the peril of his head if he delayed the journey over to-morrow.

THE NEW CHINESE LOAN.

Tientsin, Nov. 10.

The silver loan of Shanghai Taels 10,000,000 issued on behalf of the Chinese Government by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, has, we are informed, been completely taken up in London. The interest on the loan is seven per cent. per annum. It is to be repayable in twenty years, the first instalment to be paid in the eleventh year. Both interest and principal are to be paid in Shanghai. It is worthy of remark that this loan is the first that has been negotiated directly with the Chinese Government at Peking without the intervention of any Viceroy or other local authority, so that the total amount borrowed will, for the first time we believe in the history of Chinese financial transactions, finds its way into the public treasury. It is also perhaps the first symptom of a determination on the part of the central government to systematise and departmentalise the affairs of state, which it is to be hoped will be followed by other wise measures in a similar direction.—*P.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

...longa, 1,944 tons, Captain G Henebery ... Saturday last for Busreh in ballast.

THE B I S N Co's s s Umballa, 1,242 tons, Captain A C Stebbing sailed on Saturday last for Calcutta *via coastports with a general cargo.*

THE s s Bombay, 2,049 tons, Captain W E Roberts sailed yesterday for Dunkirk and antwerp, with a general cargo and two deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's s s Dwarka, 759 tons, Captain J C Tice, sailed yesterday for Karachi with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mrs Phillips, Mrs Robertson, Mr P E Clunu, and 65 deck.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co's s s King Arthur 1,047 tons, Captain C Hansen, arrived in harbour on the 8th instant, from the Persian Gulf via Karachi with a general cargo ; 139 horses, 48 syces, 16 cabin and 70 deck passengers.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co's ss Naseri 850 tons, Captain F J Raffin, which arrived in harbour on the 7th instant, from Jedda (19th November) with a general cargo, Mr. Kallianda Soonderjee, Mr. Chapsey Motichand as cabin and 30 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's ss Kola, 497 tons, Captain J W Livingstone, arrived in harbour on the 8th instant, from Karachi (6th December) with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr Little, Mr Dale, Mr Syburg, Mr Schmucker, Captain Anderson Captain Pringle, Captain Mackay, Mrs Mitchell, Mr Smith, Mr Wilde, Mr Chutterburg, Mr Shripad, Mr Kolatker and 334 deck.

THE following is the list of passengers proceeded yesterday at 6 am (9th December) from the Victoria dock per Austrian Lloyd's ss Gisela Captain A Mitis —For Trieste—Colonel and Mrs Fische, Mr and Mrs Martyn and three children, Miss A L Mackenzie, Mrs M Mucke, Mr H Rodens, Mr. A Martinolich, Mr G Sallo, Mr M Sillich, Mr C Heck, and Mr H Bergmann. For Port Said—Revd and Mr P Thompson, two Misses Thompson, and Miss A D... Laday. For Aden—Lt F G Fuller and Mr M H Na...

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—DECEMBER 8.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shd.	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
A	C. Ranald	1338	Sommerfield	Antwerp &c.		F Muir & Co
B	Claverly	1840	Rice	Karachi		W & A G & Co
C	Mohammadi	1252	Hardcastle	R S Ports	8-12	B & P S N Co
D	Barawa	234	Cassum	Zanzibar		M M & Co
E	King Arthur	1040	Hansen	Zanzibar		M M & Co
F	Bezwada	5001	Mitchel			M Mackenzie & Co
H&J	Avoca	905	M Baker	Zanzibar		D Jairam
K	Akbar	1441	Baldwin	Not fixed		H C Jooma
L	La Seyne	1152	Blanc	Aden & Karachi	9-12	M M & Co
O	Naseri	850	Raffin	Red Sea Por s		B & P S N Co
P	Brinkburn	2096	Jacob	Dunkirk		K N & Co
Q	A Cader	1380	Jaonee	Jedda		H A Sidick
	HARBOUR WALL.					
M	Mahanadi	548	D Adam	Karachi	8-12	Shepherd & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shd.	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
3	Singapore	2341	O Canipa	Genoa	12-12	C Barboro
5	Jaya		F Tillard	China		P & O Co
7	Ganges	2111	Creery	London	14-12	P & O Co
9	M	ningtry	1828	White	Not fixed	Hill S & G
15	Pa	umba	544	Rickford	Bhownagur	8-12 M V & Co

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
8	Kola (s)	Livingstone	Karachi, Dec 6.
	King Arthur (s)	Hansen	Busreh, Nov 23.
	Rydal Hall (s)	Mitchell	Liverpool, Nov 9.
9	Sutlej (s)	Nantes	London.
	C. Colombo (Italian Man-of-War)	Gavotti	Venice, Nov 4.
	Baron Belhaven (s)	Smith	Liverpool, Nov 9.

DEPARTURES.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
8	Kapurthala (s)	Robertson	Karachi, &c.
	Bormida (s)	De Negri	Hongkong.
	Nuddea (s)	Cave	Rangoon, &c.
	Thames (s)	Seaton	Aden.
	Umballa (s)	Stebbing	Calcutta, &c.
	Inchlonga (s)	Henebery	Busreh.
9	Bombay (s)	Roberts	Dunkirk, &c.
	Victoria (Hired Transport)	Worcester	Southampton.
	Gisela (s)	Mitis	Trieste, &c.
	Dwarka (s)	Tice	Karachi.

The following vessels entered for loading on Saturday last :—
Steamer Kola, for Karachi, &c.
" Madura, for Calcutta, &c.
" Kilwa, for Persian Gulf via Karachi.

VESSELS IN BOMBAY HARBOUR.

Ganges (s), 2111, Creery
Bombay (s), 2049, Robertson
Brinkburn (s), 2096, Jacob
Caspian (s), 2315, Beard
Singapore (s), 2432, Canepa
Gisela (s), 2811, Mittis
Clan Ranald (s), 1399, Sommerfelt
Manningtry (s), 1828, White
Java (s), 2632, Tillard
Kaiser-i-Hind (s), 2386, Seymour
Rosetta (s), 2039, Brown
Akbar (s), 1441, Baldwin
Tannadice (s), 1408, LeMeire
Inchlonga (s), 1944, Henebery
Brindisi (s), 2129, Wright
Milverton (sp), 2141, Anderson
Prince Edward (sp), 2180, Cornelisson
Claverley (s), 1900, Rice
Slingsby (s), 2094, Robinson
Abd-el-Kadir (s), 1380, Ellich
LaSeyne (s), 1151, Blanc
Fortuna (s), 1921, Christophers

GOVERNMENT STEAMERS.

R I M S Mayo, Simpson
H M S Assaye, Cave
H M S Lapwing, Story
H M S Plassy, Taylor
H M Hulk Tenasserim, Goodridge
H M S Brisk, Streeton

KARACHI.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.			
29	Lorenzo s	Rogers	Hull via Bombay
	La Seyne s	Blanc	Aden
	Bahaduri s	Keyzar	Bombay
	Dwarka s	Tice	do
Dec.			
1	Horsa s	Veale	London
	Chanda s	Whitehead	Bombay
3	Afrikander s	Johnstone	Delagoa Bay
	Kola s	Livingstone	Bombay
	Kilwa s	Gimblett	Persian Gulf
	Kapurthala s	Robertson	Bombay
4	Stanley Hall s	Buck	do
6	Worsley Hall s	Black	do

Nov. DEPARTURES.

29	Dumra s	Russell	Bombay
	La Seyney s	Blanc	do
30	Stolzenfels s	Hansen	Hamburg
	Bahaduri s	Keyzar	Bombay
Dec.			
1	Lorenzo s	Rogers	Hull
	Dwarka s	Tice	Bombay
3	Kilwa s	Gimblett	do
4	Chanda s	Whitehead	Persian Gulf
	Kapurthala s	Robertson	Bombay

VESSELS IN HARBOUR.

S.S. Horsa, McIver, Mackenzie & Co, for Bombay
" Africander, Johnstone, D Graham & Ce, for Antwerp
" Stanley Hall, Buck, Forbes Forbes & Co, Ld, for Liverpool.
" Kola, Livingstone, McIver, Mackenzie & Co, for Bombay.
" Worsley Hall, Black, Forbes Forbes & Co Ld, for Liverpool

DAILY EXPORTS.—DECEMBER 8.

FOR LONDON.

Ganges s—10 bales hides, H Jamal ; 30 cwt chutney, Framjee Nowrojee ; 62½ cwt dry ginger, and 1,005 cwts myrabollams, Sewjee Ramjee : 21 cwts chutney, and 2 cases candiments. D P Batha and Co ; 35 cwt fishmaws, M L Khatow ; 5 cases peacock feathers, N Sacoorbhoy ; 22 cwts olibanum, K Shuriff and Co ; 190 cwts gum, Sewjee Damjee.

Brinkburn s—5 cases kowila, Essajee Esmailjee ; 21 cwts fishmaws, K Shuriff and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Gisela s—32 cwts olibanum, N Cassambhoy and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Gisela s—800 cwt castorseed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR HONGKONG.

Java s—13½ cwts sharkfins, 65½ cwts kismis, 90 cwts angoor, N Mianee ; 10 cases opium, P and O S N Co ; 209 bales cotton, and 160 bales twist, E J Abraham ; 500 bales twist, E Noordin and Co ; 100 bales twist, Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co ; 55 bales twist, Sorabjee N Talati and Co ; 120 bales twist, R S Woonwalla and Co ; 40 bales twist, R Amerchand.

FOR KOBE.

Java s—42 cwt gum, K M Jaitha ; 23 cwts sennaleaves, H H Joosub.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Java s—113 cwts gum, N Cassambhoy & Co ; 22½ cwt sinna leaves, H H Joosub.

KARACHI EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

(FROM 27TH NOVEMBER TO 3RD DECEMBER, 1894.)

EXPORTS.

Locksley Hall s, (Liverpool)—2 bales cotton, 2,070 bales wool 88,060 cwts wheat, 1,040 cwts linseed, 5,400 cwts bones 469 lbs tea.

Country Crafts, (Bombay)—10 cwts cotton (unpressed).

IMPORTS.

City of Agra s, (Liverpool via Bombay)—561 pieces white goods (foreign).

Locksley Hall s, (Liverpool)—222 pieces grey goods (foreign), 8,457 pieces white goods (foreign), 219 pieces prints (foreign), 18 cwts steel.

City of London s, (Liverpool via Bombay) 80 pieces prints (foreign).

Goa s, (Bombay)—399 pieces grey goods (Indian), 388 pieces white goods (foreign), 266 pieces prints (foreign).

Dwarka s, (Bombay)—348 pieces grey goods (foreign) 2,410 pieces grey goods (Indian), 2,115 pieces white goods (foreign), 409 pieces prints (foreign).

Sultan s, (Batavm)—2,41,172 gallons kerosine oil.

Bahaduri s, (Bombay)—11 cwt copper.

Kola s, (Bombay)—18,076 pieces grey goods (Indian), 9,421 pieces white goods (foreign), 4,461 pieces prints (foreign), 134 pieces prints (Indian), 300 lbs grey yarns (foreign), 29,224 lbs grey yarns (Indian), 7,000 lbs T red and dyed yarns (foreign), 600 lbs T red and dyed yarns (Indian). 41 cwts copper, 30 cwts yellow metal.

Java s, (Bombay)—5,490 pieces grey goods (foreign), 209 pieces grey goods (Indian), 2,300 pieces white goods (foreign), 356 pieces prints (foreign), 800 lbs grey yarns (Indian).

Dumra s, (Bombay)—755 pieces grey goods (foreign), 34,549 pieces grey goods (Indian), 18,092 pieces white goods (foreign), 5,656 pieces prints (foreign), 31,300 lbs grey yarns (Indian), 2,650 lbs T red and dyed yarns (foreign), 650 lbs T red and dyed yarns (Indian), 47 cwts copper, 65 cwts yellow metal.

Sutrunji s, (Bombay)—4,501 pieces grey goods (foreign), 264 pieces grey goods (Indian), 200 cwts steel.

Stolzenfels s, (Hamburg and Antwerp via Bombay)—400 pieces prints (foreign).

Larenzo s, (Hull via Bombay)—10,912 pieces grey goods (foreign), 16,835 pieces white goods (foreign), 1,375 pieces prints, (foreign).

Country Crafts s, (Bombay)—37 cwts iron bars, &c, 75 cwts steel.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—DECEMBER 7.

Addison, Surgn-Major, Bo, A M S, on duty, from Poona.

DECEMBER 8.

Hood, Lieut, Bengal, I S C, on leave, from Lucknow.
Pringle, Capt, Bengal, R E, on furlough, from Karachi.
Ellis, Col, Bengal, D Q M G, on leave, from Calcutta.
Fishe, Lt-Col, Bengal, 8th B I, on leave, from Saugor.

DEPARTURES.—DECEMBER 7.

Newnham, Capt, Bo, 10th Bo, L I, to join to Satara.

DECEMBER 8.

Mackay, Lt-Co, 26th Bo L, on leave, to Europe.
Carmichael, Lt, Burma, R E, on leave, to England.
Bryan, Capt, Bengal, R A, on leave, to England.
Pringle, Capt, Bengal, R E, on furlough, to Engand.
McKay, Capt, Bengal, 40th Pathans, on leave, to Jubbulpore.
Ellis, Col, Bengal, D Q M G, on leave, to Europe.

DECEMBER 9.

Fishe, Lt-Col, Bengal, 8th B I, on leave to Europe.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR G. W. ROUGHTON, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 10th December, 1894.

1. The following drills will take place this week :—
Fort Head-Quarter.
To-day, 8-30 p.m.—25-pr. R. M. L. Gun Drill.
Wednesday, 8-30 p.m.—10-in. R. M. L. Gun Drill.
Friday, 8-30 p.m.—25-pr. R. M. L. Gun drill.
Nesbit Road Head-Quarters.
Tuesday and Thursday, 8-30 p.m.—10-in. R. M. L. Gun drill.
2. There will be class firing at Coorla to-morrow and on Friday next. Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 5-30 a.m., (local time) and Byculla 12 minutes Later.
3. Parade for Saturday next the 15th instant :—
No. 1 Company will parade at the Prince of Wales' Statue at 4 p.m. and proceed to Colaba, North Fort, to continue the annual gun target practice. Dress :—Drill order without arms.—Putties to be worn.
The Parade No. 2 Company will be notified hereafter.
4. It is notified for information that one Detachment from each Company will be selected to man two 7-pr. R. M. L. guns at the forthcoming Naval and Military tournament. The detachments will be required to drill this week on hours and dates which will be notified hereafter.

By Order,
(Sd.) J. SANDERS-SLATER, Lieut.,
Acting Adjt., B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR R. S. BROWN, COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, 10th December, 1894.

1. The Drills, &c, for the week will be as follows :—
(1) At the Oval, near the Sir R. Temple's Statue.—Mondays and Fridays at 6-30 a.m. Recruits Drill.
(2) "A" Company.—At 5-15 p.m. to-day (Monday), Wednesday 12th and Friday 14th instant, in the Compound of the St. Peter's Boy's School, Mazagon. Squad drill for Recruit.
(3) "B" Company.—At 5-15 p.m. on Thursday 13th instant, at the Grant Medical College, Byculla.
(4) "E" Company.—At 5-15 p.m. on Wednesday 12th and Friday 14th instant at the Town Hall.
(5) "F" Company.—At 8 p.m. to-day (Monday) in the St. Mary's College Compound, Byculla and 7 a.m. on Wednesday 12th instant, at St Joseph's Church, Bandora. Dress—Mufti.
(6) "G" Company.—At 5 p.m. on Tuesday 11th instant, behind the Municipal Offices.
(7) Byculla School.—At 5 p.m. to-day (Monday) and Thursday 13th instant.
(8) Cathedral High School.—At 3-45 p.m. on Tuesday 11th and Thursday 13th instant.
(9) Byculla Scottish School.—At 4 p.m. on Wednesday 12th and Friday 14th instant.
2. The following member having re-joined is taken on the strength of the Corps from this date and posted to "D" Company :—No. 3454 Vol. J. Allen.
3. A Guard of Honour consisting of 100 Rank and File, with the Band will parade on the Oval opposite the High Court at 3-30 p.m. on Thursday the 13th instant, for the purpose of receiving His Excellency the Governor.
Captain F. Place, Lieut. T. M. English and 2nd-Lieut. H. C. Roe will be the Officers of the Guard. Dress—Drill order Khaki.

By Order,
C. MOSS, Captain,
Adjutant, B. V. R.

HIGH COURT.—DECEMBER 10.

(Before the Hon'ble the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice FARRAN.)

Appeals for Hearing and Final Disposal.

812, 614-92—Crawford B and Co—Harry Arbuthnot Acworth vs Shavakshaw Dhunjibhoy—Tyabji D and Co.
813, 409-93—M L Shroff—Dadabhoy Rustomjee Gazdhur vs J M Biddon—Framji and M.
814, 105-92—Edgelow and G—Nensey Kanji and another vs Asaur Veerji and others—Thokurdas D and C.
815, 309-90—K D Shroff (for pauper)—Dawood Durvish Ghanchee vs Vullubhdas Purshotumdas—Little S N and B.
816, 570-91—Brown and M—Dewidas Harivullubhdass vs Narrondas Callianda and others—Craigie L and O, Crawford B and Co, Dikshit and H, and Edgelow and G.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice FULTON.)

For Judgment.

593-93—Brown, and M—Sudgera Maria Gomes vs Jamboo de Souza and others—Chalk, W and S.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Postponed Long Causes.

246-93—Framjee and M—Hajee Ally Dubash vs Otto Martin and another—Pestonjee R and K Part heard by Starling Judge on Nov. 5th 1894.
354-94—In person (a pauper)—Oomabai vs Marwadi Sella Joogiha and another—Payne G and S.

Defended New Long Causes.

536-94—Crawford B and Co—H H Sultan Nawaz Jung vs Rustomji Nanabhoy Byramji Jijibhoy—Craigie L and O.
537-94—Ardeshir H and D—Gordhan Gopal vs Bai Shamcooverbai and others—Janardhan and A.

Postponed Long Causes.

272-94—In person (a pauper)—Daya and others—Mathubhoy and J.
370-92—Brown and M—Jethi vs Piladhur Hurridas and another—Little S N and B.
310-94—Bhaishunker and K—Damodher Haribhai and others vs Dawcum Kaya and others—Payne, G and S and Mathubhoy and G.
312-94—Bhaishunker and K—Haji Ahmed Abdulla and another vs Kanji Lilladhur and others.
74-94—Jehangir D—Goolbai vs Cooverbai and others—In person.
318-94—Little S N and B—Nemidas Hurchund vs Dewchund Lalji—Mathubhai and J.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice CANDY.)

For Consent Decree.

491-94—Mansukhlal, D and J—Bhima Jeewa and others vs Rugnath Sudashiv Jayaker—Nanu and H.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Postponed Long Causes.

221-93—Chitnis, M and M—Benabai vs Krishnarao Ramchundra and others vs Wadia and G—Bhaishunker and K and B—V N Kirtikar—Part heard.
368-94—M N Saklatwalla—Dorabjee Jehangirjee Randella vs Muncherjee Bomonjee Punthakey—Bicknell M and M.
109-94—In person—(a pauper)—Budroodin Bhaijeebhai vs Abdoolally Bhaijeebhai and others—Framjee and M.
325-91—Bicknell M and M—Dadaji Cristnarai and others vs Govindjee Hunsrajee—Craigie L and O.
370-94—Brown and M—Dayal Vullubhdas vs Ravullubhjee Hurdayal—Bicknell M and M.
335-91—Little S N and B—Runchordas Vithuldas vs Eduljee Shapurjee—Thakordas D and Co.
141-94—Bicknell M and M—Narrondas Hurridas and others vs Jetha Cullianjee—Payne G and S.

PALANPUR-DEESA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 24th November, 1894, on 17·28 Miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings [estimated].	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	700	300	10	1,010
Or per mile of Railway	40	17	1	58
For previous 20 weeks of half-year.	7,669	4,249	77	11,995
Total for 21 weeks...	8,369	4,549	87	13,005
Comparison.				
Total for corresponding week of previous year	58	70	2	130
Per mile of Ry do.	4	4	....	8
Total to correspondingdate do.	58	1,113	2	1,173

Increase for the week ..... Rs. 880
Ditto to date ..... " 11,832

GODHRA-RUTLAM RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 24th November, 1894, on 115·30 Miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings [estimated.]	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	2,000	20,900	30	22,930
Or per mile of Railway	18	181	....	199
For previous 20 weeks of half-year.	18,216	75,086	401	93,733
Total for 21 weeks...	20,216	95,986	431	1,16,633
Comparison.				
Total for corresponding week of previous year (on 25 miles open)	718	1,402	9	2,129
Per mile of Ry. do.	29	56	....	85
Total to correspondingdate do.	11,895	14,211	180	26,28

Increase for the week ..... Rs. 20,801
Ditto to date ..... " 90,377

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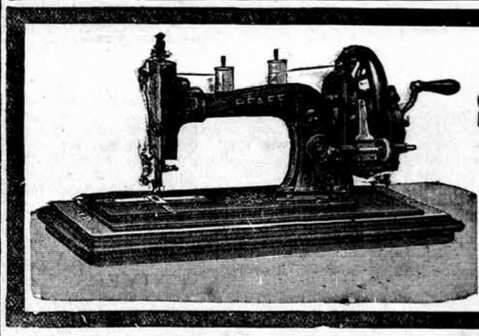

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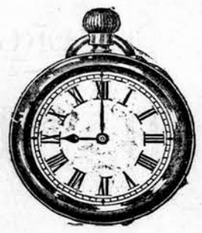

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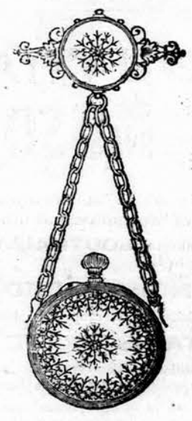

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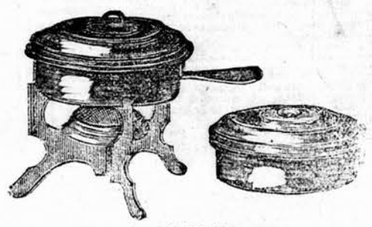

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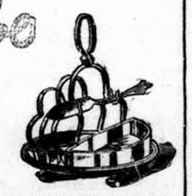

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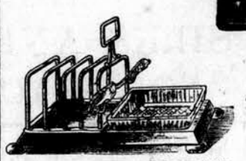

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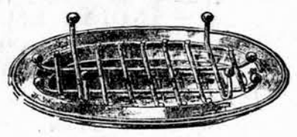

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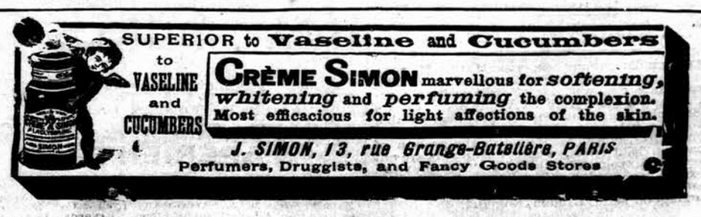
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